The article establishes a fiscal limitation on the amount of debt that the state and certain public authorities may contract. In place of the present referendum requirement, provision is made that the state may not contract debt unless authorized by law enacted by two regular sessions of the legislature separated by an intervening election and unless the total debt service shall not exceed twelve pertion and unless the total deed service shall not exceed twelve percent of the average state revenues in the two preceding fiscal years. The twelve percent limitation may be increased, not to exceed fifteen percent, by statute approved by the people at referendum.

The proceeds from the creation

by the people at referendum.

The proceeds from the creation of the indebtedness may be used only for capital construction purposes as defined in the article. The article also makes provisions for the issuance of bonds and the maturity and payment thereof. No debt may be issued by the state or certain tablic authorities unless certified by the governor.

The article directs the legisla-

certified by the governor.

The article directs the legislature to provide for the transfer the state by January 1, 1970 of responsibility for all programs of public assistance and care now administered by local governments. It provides for the allocation of the costs of such programs not paid or reimbursed by the federal government and requires that, within ten years, local governments be entirely relieved of all such costs.

such costs.
The a The article permits public moneys to be granted or loaned to any person, association or private corporation for economic and com any person, association or private corroration for economic and community development purposes, as therein defined. Economic and community development purposes include the renewal and rebuilding of communities, the development of new communities, and programs and facilities to enhance the physical entronment, health and social well being of, and to encourage the expansion of economic opportunity for, the people of the state. The real-tail leval go extraents are prohibited from granting or leading their moneys to or guaranteers, the obligations of any person, association, or private corporation except for a public purpose. However, if they borry moves such borrow, a money may be located only for capital construction purposes.

The arrive authors the receipt attent to create a guidic recipil attent for the purpose of insuring and guaranteeing loans of persons dissociations, and nutber and private corporation. For sconomic and annually de cloquient out tos. Thack is all government in actions of an public corporation for such purposes situin such loss, government.

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people at reference
ARTICLE AL

ARTICLE AL 1 .. cal Government.

in article describes the doner aspects of the oper-tion of local governments which are defined as counties, cities, towns and villages.

This acticle retains exists, a yew as of local governments and, in addition, grants to them, subject to a statute of restrictions to be charted, all legislative and administrative power which the legislative has newer to confer.

In addition every local government is granted power to adopt local laws, not inconsistent with general law relating to matters of local concern and local aspects of matters of state concern. The legislature, with certain limited exceptions, may act in these matters only on request from each local government affected or by general law or (except for New York City) on message of necessity from the governor and a two thirds vote in each house.

This general grant is supplemental the right to adopt local

This general grant is supplemented by the right to adopt local laws, not ideousistent with general laws, not inconsistent with general law, relating to specific subjects, including the government, protection, order, canduct, enfety, health god we'll being of per one or pronecty therein. The Jegislature is authorized to incorporate other specific grants of local govern-

ment rights in a statute of local

ment rights in a statute of loral governments which may be amended to reduce such rights only by action of the legislature with the governor's approval in two successive years.

The right of counties to adopt county charters by referendum is continued, but if only the government of the county is involved in the reorganization this man new be done by a single county-wide referendum approval instead of separate approvals in the cities and in the county outside of cites. Any change affecting units of government within a county will still require a dual or triple referendum. The right to transfer functions from one unit of government to another with appropriate referendum approvals is continued and extended to counties which have not adopted charters.

Two or more counties, or one or more with New York City, are empowered to create regional agencies to which they may transfer

more with New York City, are empowered to create regional agencies to which they may transfer one or more of their functions.

Every local legislative body is required to redistrict its area in equal population districts in the year following each federal decennial census. Members of local legislative bodies are prohibited from holding public office in any other local government or any other elective office except delegate to a constitutional convention.

The legislature is required to

tion.

The legislature is required to provide for the supervision, review and equalization of assessments for purposes of taxation and may provide for counties to perform assessment or tax collection functions are provided for countries to perform assessment or tax collection functions. tions for units of government within their boundaries.

ARTICLE XII Local Finances

ARTICLE XII
Local Finances

The article governs the financial in nagement of local governments and school districts.

Existing debt and tax limits are continued except that: (1) such himits are deleted with respect to city school districts, there than New York, Buffalo, Rochester Syractic, workers and Albany (2) the two percent limit set forth for cities and villages over five thousand population in Article XVIII in the present constitution is transferred to the general debt limit of such local governments, (3) the tegislature is required to escatish tax limits for towns by January 17, 1972; (47 the thref-year average of full valuation of taxable coal property as the base on which the percentage limits are calculated may be changed to a three year average by statute and local referendum and (5) the debt or tax limit of any recall governments, (4) and (5) the debt or tax limit of any recall governments, (5) the article of a tax limit of any recall governments, (5) the article of the extent that the same well in the same well as a percent of the extent that its revenues steport the extent that the cost of apital projects financed by carried to the debt and tax changes it continues to percent

the costs of apital projects financed by carrent revenues to be exclused from the debt and tax himits.

The article continues with exceptions enumerated the single last principles of debt regulation, that debts shall not be contracted for longer than the period of probable usefulness, that the full faith and credit of local governments and school districts shall be pledged for all their borrowing, that serial bonds shall be used for long-term borrowing, and that debt service payments must always be made with precedence over other obligations.

Special provisions are made for cooperative financing of local enterprises by local governments and other public corporations.

ARTICLE XIII

Defense and the Organized Militia

This article provides that the defense of the state and the United States is an obligation of all persons within the state, and that the legislature shall provide for the discharge of this obligation and for the maintenance of a militia of which the governor is the commander-in-chief. It directs the legislature to provide for the continuity of state and local the continuity of state and local governmental offices and activities when such offices and activities are jeopardized in time of disaster or enemy attack

ARTICLE XIV

Amendments to the Constitution

Tis enticle provides for amendment of the constitution by too legislature or by a constitutional convention. An amendment may

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To the Town Clerk of the

The following is a true and correct list of all nomina election to be held November 7, 1967, certified to us or file the Election Law:

CANDIDATES NOMINATED BY T

| Name of Candidate | Place of Residence of Candidate | Title of O |
|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Walter J. Mahoney H. Kendall Hardy J. Paul Rems Leonard S. Briggs Joan C. Dibble Charles Halsey Reta Foster Harry Kemp Robert Spicer Hugh Barlow | | Asso. Judge Cour Justice of Suprem Justice of Suprem Coroner |

CANDIDATES NOMINATED BY 1

| Name of Candidate | Place of Residence of Candidate | Title of O |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Matthew J Jasen John S. March | 146 Central Park W. N Y City Lakeview (Town of Hamburg) 978 Harrison Ave., Nia, Falls | Asso. Judge Cour Justice of Suprem |
| Rudolph U. Johnson | and timatio St., Duttaty, 11.1 | Justice of Suprem |

CANDIDATES NOMINATED BY I

Dance of Candidate

Place of Residence of Candidate

Title of 0

much J Mullane Mattnew J

168 Riverside Dr., NY, NY Lakeview (Town of Hamburg)

Asso Judge Com Asso Judge Cour

CANDIDATES NOMINATED BY 1

Name of Candidate Place of Residence of Candidate

146 Central Park W., N. Y. City Asso. Judge Cour Charles D. Breitel Lakeview (Town of Hamburg) .. Asso. Judge Cour Matthew J. Jasen John S. Marsh 978 Harrison Ave., Nia. Falls .. Justice of Supren 124 St. Mary's Rd., Buffalo, NY Justice of Supren John M. Frysiak

CATHERINE

GERALD N.