Country Correspondence

South Hill

(Mrs. Margaret Dean, Reporter)

Oct. 3.—How exhilarating (?) to the producer is the present price of 18 cents for his tubers, and not wanted at that.

Mrs. Tony Dougherty and Mrs. H. Dean were shopping in Wellsville one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Clark were doing business in Hornell last week Tuesday.

Mrs. H. Dean, Mrs. Leo Horan and Mrs. A. Dougherty enjoyed the card party in Blessed Sacrament parish house, Andover, Thursday evening.

Edna Fairbanks of Elm Valley was a guest Wednesday night of her schoolmate, Gertrude Schoonover. They also attended Booster Night of the Andover Grange.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Moon were calling on friends in Genesee, Pa., Sunday.

Lyle Hunt, David Hunt and Mrs. Bertha Green of Joyce Hill were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Schoonover.

Miss Mary Byrnes of Niles Hill was a week-end guest of her cousins, Mesdames Dougherty and Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Hurlbert and family of Pikeville spent Sunday with the Livermore family.

Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Schoonover and little son, Gerald were Sunday guests of Roswell Green and family of Alfred Station.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Clark of Andover were recent dinner guests at Newton Clark's, the occasion being the second birthday of Master Bruce Clark.

Dorothy Schoonover spent Monday night with Kathleen Howland of Andover.

Mrs John Daniher of Welisville spent Sunday on the hill, to help celebrate the second birthday of her grandson, Master Charles Dougherty.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Clark were Sunday callers of Mr. and Mrs. John Lewis of Independence.

John Dean of Buffalo is enjoying a few days visit in the country at the Dean home and trying his skill with the potato hook as pastime.

Two agents canvassed over the hill Monday and we fear did not find a very prolific field of action.

Independence

(Mrs. Floyd Clarke, Reporter)

Miss Anna Laura Crandall, Mrs. C. M. Crandall and Mrs. R. E. Spicer drove to Alfred, Thursday evening.

Mrs. Maud Greene and Mrs. Almina DeWitt of Alfred were guests Saturday of Miss Elrene Crandall.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Clarke and Francis were in Alfred Wednesday.

Mrs. Florence Beach and Dorr Burr of Whitesville were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Spicer.

Mrs. S. W. Clarke attended a Home Bureau meeting at Mt. Morris, Monday.

Wallace Clarke entered Cornell University, Monday. Francis Clarke is taking a course in the Agricultural School at Alfred.

Lou Burton of Belmont attended a joint meeting of the boys and girls 4-H Clubs Monday evening at the parish house.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Spicer and Mrs. Mary Crandall were in Hornell on business Wednesday.

Mrs. Roy VanSchaick and son Roy, returned to their home on Voorhees Hill.

Slate Creek

(Mrs. Raymond Stewart, Reporter)

Oct. 2.—October—with its bright blue weather.

Our farmers have started potato digging with hopes of a higher price.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Maxfield and daughter Jeannette and friend, Lester Campbell, all of Adrian, were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Stewart and family, Saturday evening.

Eli Woodworth and family visited Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mullen Sunday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Stewart and grandson, Karlyle, of Hornell, were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mullen, Sunday of last week.

Mrs. John Mullen has been ill at her home a few days last week.

William Mullen, who has been ill the past six weeks is not improving very rapidly. Mrs. William Mullen is ill with the grippe.

Miss Isabelle Caward was ill and unable to teach her Sunday school class, Sunday.

Joyce Ann Cummings was an over night guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hale, Thursday.

Miss Virginia Mullen was home over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hale, son Lewis and daughter, Mrs. Leo Cummings and children of Colby Creek were in Hornell Thursday.

John Crawford was a caller in Canisteo Saturday.

Raymond Stewart called on his brother-in-law, Fred Johnson of Arkport, Saturday evening. Mr. Johnson was in an auto accident Saturday and suffered severe cuts and bruises and will be unable to work for at least two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Mattie Baker of Hornell and Mrs. Newell Stephens of this place were callers in Andover Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Stewart and children called on Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Allison and family and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Allison of Cameron, Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Leo Cummings and son Dean called on Mrs. Raymond Stewart and little son, Friday.

Davis Hill

(Mrs. Floyd Slocum, Reporter)

Oct. 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Victor Hoagland and family were guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ladlee of Smethport, Pa., Sunday.

Forrest Wager of Penn Yan was a visitor at L. E. Davis', Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Davis and Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Davis were in Hornell Friday. Maxine, who is attending school there came home with them for a visit over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. and Leo Davis and family attended the ball game in Wellsville, Sunday.

Mrs. Arlien Prince and son, Roland and Mr. and Mrs. Fred McNamire of Shinglehouse, Pa., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Burbank, Friday.

Mrs. James Burbank entertained the Baptist Missionary Society of Andover Friday afternoon. After the meeting a bounteous picnic supper was served and a fine time reported.

Mr. and Mrs. Elwyn Cook of Endicott, N. Y., were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. Claire Bunce and baby of Wellsville were visitors of Mr. and Mrs. Victor Hoagland, Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Halsey and family and Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Halsey of Andover were Sunday guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Halsey.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Slocum and Fred attended a birthday gathering at L. L. Spencer's at Alfred Station Sunday in honor of Mrs. Spencer's birthday. There were about 30 relatives present and a very nice dinner served.

Voorhees Hill

(Mrs. Raymond Church, Reporter)

Oct. 3.—Earl Snow of Whitesville delivered a potato digger to the Church brothers one day last week.

Victor Perkins was a guest speaker at Hallsport Grange Friday evening, describing His visit to the State Fair at Syracuse.

Lavern Stevens of Rome, N. Y., a representative of the Curtis Publishing Co., was soliciting subscriptions in this section, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Jenks of Niagara Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Jenks of Wellsville were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Adams, Saturday evening.

Carlos Starr of Stannards is helping in the potato field at the Perkins farm.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Simkin visited the grape country near Hammondsport, Tuesday.

Mrs. Harley Hawks of Independence spent Monday with her daughter, Mrs. Roy VanSchaick.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Jones of Andover are passing the week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Abram Slocum. Mr. Jones is painting the barn.

Geneseo Alumni Notice

A meeting of the Geneseo Alumni Association of Allegany County will be held Saturday, Oct. 6, 1934, at the M. E. Church in Belfast, N. Y. A luncheon will be served at 12:30 P. M.

The first meeting of the Geneseo Club will be held on Tuesday, Oct. 9th at Hotel Wilbridge, Corning. Dinner will be served at 6:30. Send reservations to Miss Dorothy White, 13 Armory Place, Hornell.

All Geneseo Alumni are invited to both meetings.

J. W. EMBSER

34 West State Street, Wellsville, New York

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Licensed New York and Pennsylvania

Telephone 329

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted

STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
ALBANY, *July 16, 1934*

PURSUANT to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section sixty-eight of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendments numbers one to seven inclusive to the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the sixth day of November, nineteen hundred thirty-four.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER ONE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION TWO OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO NON-UNANIMOUS JURY VERDICTS IN CIVIL CASES.

Section 1. Resolved, That section two of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 2. The trial by jury in all cases in which it has been heretofore used shall remain inviolate forever; but a jury trial may be waived by the parties in all civil cases in the manner to be prescribed by law. *The legislature may provide, however, by law, that a verdict may be rendered by not less than five-sixths of the jurymen constituting a jury in any civil case.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER TWO
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION NINE OF ARTICLE ONE OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO AUTHORIZING THE LEGISLATURE TO PRESCRIBE CERTAIN ADDITIONAL REVENUES FOR THE STATE

Section 1. Resolved, That section nine of article one of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 9. No law shall be passed abridging the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the government, or any department thereof; nor shall any divorce be granted otherwise than by due judicial proceedings; no[r shall any] lottery or the sale of lottery tickets, pool-selling, book-making, or any other kind of gambling, *except pari-mutuel betting on horse races as may be prescribed by the legislature and from which the state shall derive a reasonable revenue for the support of government shall* hereafter be authorized or allowed within this state; and the legislature shall pass appropriate laws to prevent offenses against any of the provisions of this section.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER THREE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE SIX OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO APPEALS TO THE COURT OF APPEALS UPON QUESTIONS OF LAW

Section 1. Resolved, That section seven of article six of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 7. The jurisdiction of the court of appeals, except where the judgment is of death, or where the appellate division, on reversing or modifying a final judgment in an action or a final order in a special proceeding, makes new findings of fact and renders final judgment or a final order thereon, shall be limited to the review of questions of law; but the right to appeal shall not depend upon the amount involved.

Appeals may be taken to the court of appeals in the classes of cases enumerated in this section.

In criminal cases, directly from a court of original jurisdiction where the judgment is of death, and in other criminal cases from an appellate division or otherwise as the legislature may from time to time provide.

In civil cases and proceedings as follows:

(1) As of right, from a judgment or order entered upon the decision of an appellate division of the supreme court which finally determines an action or special proceeding wherein is directly involved the construction of the constitution of the state or of the United States, or where one or more of the justices of the appellate division dissents from the decision of the court, or where the judgment or order is one of reversal or modification.

(2) As of right, from an order of the appellate division granting a new trial where the appellant stipulates that, upon affirmance, judgment absolute shall be rendered against him.

(3) As of right, from a judgment or order of a court of record of original jurisdiction which finally determines an action or special proceeding where the only question involved on the appeal is the validity of a statutory provision of the state or of the United States under the constitution of the state or of the United States; and on any such appeal only the constitutional question shall be considered and determined by the court.

(4) From a determination of the appellate division of the supreme court in any department, other than a judgment or order which finally determines an action or special proceeding, where the appellate division allows the same and certifies that one or more questions of law have arisen which, in its opinion, ought to be reviewed by the court of appeals; but in such case the appeal shall bring up for review only the question or questions so certified; and the court of appeals shall certify to the appellate division its determination upon such question or questions.

(5) From a judgment or order entered upon the decision of an appellate division of the supreme court which finally determines an action or special proceeding but which is not appealable under subdivision one of this section where the appellate division shall certify that in its opinion a question of law is involved which ought to be reviewed by the court of appeals, or where, in case of the refusal so to certify, an appeal is allowed by the court of appeals. Such an appeal shall be allowed when required in the interest of substantial justice. The legislature may further restrict the jurisdiction of the court of appeals and the right of appeal thereto. No appeal shall be taken to said court of appeals from a final judgment or order of the appellate division of any civil case or proceeding originally commenced in any court other than the supreme court, a county court, a surrogate's court, or a court of claims or board of audit unless the appellate division of the supreme court shall certify that in its opinion a question of law is involved which ought to be reviewed by the court of appeals.

(6) *The legislature may provide for appeal direct to the court of appeals upon questions of law, from the special term or trial term of the supreme court, the county court, or the surrogate's court, and may further specify the circumstances and conditions under which such appeal shall be permitted.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION NINE OF ARTICLE SEVEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE IMPOSITION OF TOLLS ON PERSONS AND PROPERTY TRANSPORTED ON THE CANALS OF THE STATE

Section 1. Resolved, That section nine of article seven of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 9. [No tolls shall hereafter be imposed on persons or property transported on the canals, but all] *All* boats navigating the canals and the owners and masters thereof[,] shall be subject to such laws and regulations as have been or may hereafter be enacted concerning the navigation of the canals. The legislature shall annually, by equitable taxes, make provision for the expenses of the superintendence and repairs of the canals. All contracts for work or materials on any canal shall be made with the persons who shall offer to do or provide the same at the lowest price, with adequate security for their performance. No extra compensation shall be made to any contractor; but if, from any unforseen cause, the terms of any contract shall prove to be inadequate or oppressive, the canal board may, upon the application of the contractor, cancel such contract.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER FIVE
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION BY REPEALING SECTION SEVEN OF ARTICLE EIGHT THEREOF, RELATING TO THE LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS OF BANKS

Section 1. Resolved, That the constitution be amended by repealing section seven of article eight thereof.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER SIX
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTIONS TEN AND TEN-A OF ARTICLE EIGHT OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO THE LIMITATION OF INDEBTEDNESS OF CITIES

Section 1. Resolved, That sections ten and ten-a of article eight of the constitution be amended to read, respectively, as follows:

§ 10. No county, city, town or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become directly or indirectly the owner of stock in, or bonds of, any association or corporation; nor shall any such county, city, town or village be allowed to incur any indebtedness except for county, city, town or village purposes. This section shall not prevent such county, city, town or village from making such provision for the aid or support of its poor as may be authorized by law. No county or city shall be allowed to become indebted for any purpose or in any manner to an amount which including existing indebtedness, shall exceed ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of such county or city subject to taxation, as it appeared by the assessment rolls of said county or city on the last assessment for state or county taxes prior to the incurring of such indebtedness; and all indebtedness in excess of such limitation, except such as now may exist, shall be absolutely void, except as herein otherwise provided. No county or city whose present indebtedness exceeds ten per centum of the assessed valuation of its real estate subject to taxation, shall be allowed to become indebted in any further amount until such indebtedness shall be reduced within such limit. This section shall not be construed to prevent the issuing of certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes for amounts actually contained or to be contained in the taxes for the year when such certificates or revenue bonds are issued and payable out of such taxes; nor to prevent [the] *any* city [of New York] from issuing bonds *or other obligations* to be redeemed out of the tax levy for the year next succeeding the year of their issue, provided that the amount of such bonds *or other obligations* which may be issued in any one year in excess of the limitations herein contained shall not exceed one-tenth of one per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate of said city subject to taxation. All certificates of indebtedness or revenue bonds *or other obligations* issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes *or to be redeemed out of taxes*, which are not retired within five years after their date of issue, and any debt hereafter incurred by any portion or part of a city, if there shall be any such debt, shall be included in ascertaining the power of the city to become otherwise indebted; except that debts heretofore or hereafter incurred by any city to provide for the supply of water, shall not be so included; and except that [debts not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of ten million dollars, heretofore or hereafter incurred by any city with a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million, and except that debts not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of five million dollars heretofore or hereafter incurred by any city with a population of not less than one hundred and seventy-five thousand and not more than two hundred and fifty thousand, for so much of the cost and expense of any public improvement as may be required by the ordinance or other local legislative law therein assessing the same] *obligations not exceeding in the aggregate two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real estate subject to taxation heretofore or hereafter issued by any city except New York and resting on only part or portion of a city or issued for the sole purpose of paying or financing so much of the cost of local improvements as is or may be required* to be raised by assessment *or tax* upon local property or territory, shall not be so included; and except further that any debt hereafter incurred by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be excluded in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted, providing that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of time when the revenue aforesaid shall not be sufficient to equal the said interest and amortization installments, and except further that any indebtedness hereafter incurred by the city of New York for any rapid transit or dock investment may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization installments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of debts heretofore incurred shall be available only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit or dock purposes. The legislature shall prescribe the methods by which and the terms and conditions under which the amount of any debt incurred by the city of New York for a revenue producing improvement to be so excluded shall be determined, and no such debt shall be excluded except in accordance with the determination so prescribed. The legislature may in its discretion confer appropriate jurisdiction on the appellate division of the supreme court in the first judicial department for the purpose of determining the amount of any debt to be so *excluded*]. *The legislature may authorize or require the proper financial officer of any city to prepare and file from time to time in the office of the state comptroller a statement under oath of the indebtedness of the city under this section, in such detail as the legislature may require. Such statement filed in such manner and approved as to form and sufficiency by the state comptroller may be made by the legislature conclusive with respect to the facts stated in any action or proceeding affecting the validity of any bond or other obligation issued in reliance thereon.* No indebtedness of a city valid at the time of its inception shall thereafter become invalid by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this section. Whenever the boundaries of any city are the same as those of a county, or when any city shall include within its boundaries more than one county, the power of any county wholly included within such city to become indebted shall cease, but the debt of the county, heretofore existing, shall not, for the purposes of this section, be reckoned as a part of the city debt. The amount hereafter to be raised by tax for county or city purposes, in any county containing a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, or in any such city of this state, in addition to provide for the principal and interest of the county or city debt, shall not in the aggregate exceed in any one year two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real and personal estate of such county or city, to be ascertained as prescribed in this section in respect to county or city debt.

§ 10-a. *Any debt incurred after January first, nineteen hundred ten by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be excluded in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted under the previous section provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of time when the revenue aforesaid shall not be sufficient to equal the said interest and amortization installments. Any indebtedness incurred prior to January first, nineteen hundred ten, by the city of New York for any rapid transit or dock investment may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization installments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of such debt so incurred shall be available only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit or dock purposes. Any indebtedness heretofore or hereafter incurred by the city of New York for rapid transit construction or acquisition may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization installments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of such debt shall be used only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit purposes. The legislature shall prescribe the method by which and the terms and conditions under which the amount of any debt incurred by the city of New York for a revenue producing improvement to be so excluded shall be determined, and no such debt shall be excluded except in accordance with the determination so prescribed. The legislature may in its discretion confer appropriate jurisdiction on the appellate division of the supreme court in the first judicial department for the purpose of determining the amount of any debt to be so excluded. The legislature may authorize or require the proper financial officer of any city to prepare and file from time to time in the office of the state comptroller a statement under oath of the indebtedness of the city under this section, in such detail as the legislature may require. Such statement filed in such manner and approved as to form and sufficiency by the state comptroller may be made by the legislature conclusive with respect to the facts stated in any action or proceeding affecting the validity of any bond or other obligation issued in reliance thereon.* No indebtedness of a city valid at the time of its inception shall thereafter become invalid by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this section. Whenever the boundaries of any city are the same as those of a county, or when any city shall include within its boundaries more than one county, the power of any county wholly included within such city to become indebted shall cease, but the debt of the county, heretofore existing, shall not, for the purposes of this section, be reckoned as a part of the city debt. The amount hereafter to be raised by tax for county or city purposes, in any county containing a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, or in any such city of this state, in addition to provide for the principal and interest of the county or city debt, shall not in the aggregate exceed in any one year two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real and personal estate of such county or city, to be ascertained as prescribed in this section in respect to county or city debt.

§ 10-a. *Any debt incurred after January first, nineteen hundred ten by the city of New York for a public improvement owned or to be owned by the city, which yields to the city current net revenue, after making any necessary allowance for repairs and maintenance for which the city is liable, in excess of the interest on said debt and of the annual installments necessary for its amortization may be excluded in ascertaining the power of said city to become otherwise indebted under the previous section provided that a sinking fund for its amortization shall have been established and maintained and that the indebtedness shall not be so excluded during any period of time when the revenue aforesaid shall not be sufficient to equal the said interest and amortization installments. Any indebtedness incurred prior to January first, nineteen hundred ten, by the city of New York for any rapid transit or dock investment may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization installments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of such debt so incurred shall be available only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit or dock purposes. Any indebtedness heretofore or hereafter incurred by the city of New York for rapid transit construction or acquisition may be so excluded proportionately to the extent to which the current net revenue received by said city therefrom shall meet the interest and amortization installments thereof, provided that any increase in the debt incurring power of the city of New York which shall result from the exclusion of such debt shall be used only for the acquisition or construction of properties to be used for rapid transit purposes. The legislature shall prescribe the method by which and the terms and conditions under which the amount of any debt incurred by the city of New York for a revenue producing improvement to be so excluded shall be determined, and no such debt shall be excluded except in accordance with the determination so prescribed. The legislature may in its discretion confer appropriate jurisdiction on the appellate division of the supreme court in the first judicial department for the purpose of determining the amount of any debt to be so excluded. The legislature may authorize or require the proper financial officer of any city to prepare and file from time to time in the office of the state comptroller a statement under oath of the indebtedness of the city under this section, in such detail as the legislature may require. Such statement filed in such manner and approved as to form and sufficiency by the state comptroller may be made by the legislature conclusive with respect to the facts stated in any action or proceeding affecting the validity of any bond or other obligation issued in reliance thereon.* No indebtedness of a city valid at the time of its inception shall thereafter become invalid by reason of the operation of any of the provisions of this section. Whenever the boundaries of any city are the same as those of a county, or when any city shall include within its boundaries more than one county, the power of any county wholly included within such city to become indebted shall cease, but the debt of the county, heretofore existing, shall not, for the purposes of this section, be reckoned as a part of the city debt. The amount hereafter to be raised by tax for county or city purposes, in any county containing a city of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, or in any such city of this state, in addition to provide for the principal and interest of the county or city debt, shall not in the aggregate exceed in any one year two per centum of the assessed valuation of the real and personal estate of such county or city, to be ascertained as prescribed in this section in respect to county or city debt.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER SEVEN
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE TEN OF THE CONSTITUTION, IN RELATION TO COUNTY OFFICES

Section 1. Resolved, That article ten of the constitution be amended by adding a new section, to be section one-a, to read as follows:

§ 1-a. Notwithstanding the provisions contained in section one of this article, the register in counties having registers, outside of the counties within the city of New York, shall not be deemed to be a constitutional officer.

EXPLANATION—Matte. in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
ALBANY, *August 1, 1934*

PURSUANT to the provisions of section one of article fourteen of the Constitution of the State of New York, and section sixty-eight of the Election Law, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment number eight in addition to proposed amendments numbers one to seven inclusive to the Constitution of the State of New York is referred to the legislature to be chosen at the next general election of Senators in this State to be held on the sixth day of November, nineteen hundred thirty-four.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT NUMBER EIGHT
CONCURRENT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY
Proposing amendments to section twenty-six of article three and sections one and two of article ten of the constitution, in relation to the organization, government and officers of counties.

Section 1. Resolved, That section twenty-six of article three of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 26. *Subdivision 1.* There shall be in each county, except in a county wholly included in a city, a board of supervisors, *or other elective body*, to be composed of such members and elected in such manner and for such period as is or may be provided by law.

2. The legislature [may] *shall* provide by law for *the organization and* [forms of] government [for the] *of* counties *and shall provide by law alternative forms of government for counties except counties wholly included in a city and for the submission of one or more such forms of government to the electors residing in such counties. No such form of government shall become operative in any such county unless and until adopted* [of Westchester and Nassau, or either, subject to adoption and approval by the electors of any such county] at a general election *held in such county* [in an odd-numbered year] *by receiving a majority of the total votes cast thereon in (1) the county, (2) every city contained in such county having a population of ten per centum of the population of the county according to the last preceding federal census, and (3) that part of the county, if any, outside of such cities. Any such* form of government [may include] *shall set forth the structure of the county government and the manner in which it is to function. Any such form of government may provide for the appointment of any county officers other than their selection by any method of nomination and election, or the abolition of their offices, and may also provide for the exercise by the board of supervisors or other elective body of powers of local legislation and administration and* the transfer [to the county or to county officers of any functions now exercised by towns or town officers] *of any or all of the functions and duties of county officers and of towns, villages, districts and other units of government contained in such county to each other or to the state, and for the abolition of offices, departments, agencies or units of government when all of their functions are so transferred without regard to the provisions of article ten or any other provisions of this constitution inconsistent herewith. The boards of supervisors or other elective bodies of any two or more such counties may by agreement provide for the discharge within the territorial limits of such counties or parts thereof of one or more government functions.*

3. *Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to impair or restrict the existing power of the legislature to enact laws relating to the government of a county or* [of] towns, villages, districts or other units of government therein contained *until the adoption of a form of government by such county pursuant to subdivision two of this section.*

4. After the adoption of [such] a form of government by [the] a county *pursuant to subdivision two of this section, the legislature shall not pass any law relating to the property, affairs or government of such county* [which shall be special or local either in its terms or in its effect, but shall act in relation to the property, affairs or government of any such county *only by general laws which shall in terms and in effect apply alike to all such counties except on message from the governor declaring that an emergency exists and the concurrent action of two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature shall be present*] *or by local laws, but shall have power to select, draw, summon and empanel grand and petit jurors in the manner and under the conditions now or hereafter prescribed by law, and shall have such other powers and duties as shall be prescribed from time to time by local law.*

§ 2. [All] *Except as herein otherwise provided for counties in the city of New York,* county officers where electors or the legislature shall not be provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the legislature shall direct. *In counties in the city of New York the city of New York is hereby vested with power from time to time by local law, to abolish the office of any county officer other than judges, clerks of courts and district attorneys, and to assign any or all functions of such officers to city officers, courts or clerks of counties, and to prescribe the powers, duties, qualifications, number, mode of selection and removal, terms of office and compensation of the persons holding such offices and the employees therein, and to assign to city officers any powers or duties of clerks of counties not assigned by this constitution. The legislature shall not pass any law affecting any such matters in relation to such offices within the city of New York except on message from the governor declaring that an emergency exists and the concurrent action of two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, but existing laws regarding each such office shall continue in force, and may be amended or repealed by the legislature as heretofore, until the power herein granted to the city has been exercised with respect to that office. The elective county officers in office at the time this article, as amended, takes effect, shall continue in office until the end of the terms for which they were elected.* All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers, whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.

BRIEF BUSINESS BRINGERS

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Good work horse.—Frank Brown. 41

FOR SALE—Martin C. Melody Saxophone in first class condition.—Clyde Kemp. 40

POTATO CRATES FOR SALE—Extra strong and durable, rust-proof nails, $30.00 per hundred, cash, delivered.—McQUEEN WOOD TURNING CORP., Belmont, N. Y., Phone 81-M. 40

FARM FOR SALE—The William J. Lynch farm, 140 acres, now under good cultivation. Fine buildings. Also stock, implements, truck, two-door coach.—Augustus Lynch, E. T. Lynch, administrators.

State W .C. T. U. Will Meet October 18 to 23

Challenge and demonstration will be the twin keynotes of the 60th anniversary convention of the New York State Woman's Christian Temperance Union which will convene at the Central Methodist Episcopal church, Utica, Oct. 18-23.

The State W. C. T. U. will celebrate the conclusion of six decades of continuous endeavor, not by mere retrospection, but by planning a more militant advance upon the liquor evil than ever in its history.

Mrs. D. Leigh Colvin, president, will preside at all meetings. The headquarters will be at Hotel Utica.

days after the approval by the governor, or its final adoption by the legislature notwithstanding the disapproval of the governor; nor unless and until adopted and approved by the electors of the county, if within said sixty days there shall be filed with the county clerk of the county a petition protesting against such bill executed by electors of the county in number equal to at least five per centum of the total number of votes cast in the county for governor at the last gubernatorial election. Whenever, during the session at which it was passed, any such bill is returned without the acceptance of the county, or within such fifteen days is not returned, it may nevertheless again be passed by both branches of the legislature and it shall then be subject as are other bills, to the action of the governor, but shall not take effect unless and until adopted and approved by the electors of the county. In every such law which has been accepted by the county to which it relates, the title shall be followed by the words "accepted by the county." In every such law which is passed without such acceptance, by the words "passed without the acceptance of the county."]

5. If under [such] *a form of government, adopted by a county pursuant to subdivision two of this section,* the board of supervisors be abolished, the powers and duties of the board of supervisors, as prescribed by the constitution, or by statute if not provided for by such form of government, shall devolve upon the [governing] elective body in such county.

6. In a city which includes an entire county, or two or more entire counties, the powers and duties of a board of supervisors may be devolved upon the municipal assembly, common council, board of aldermen or other legislative body of the city.

7. *Existing laws applicable to the government of counties and the cities, towns, villages, districts and other units of government therein contained shall continue in force until repealed, amended, modified or superseded by law or by a form of government and nothing contained in this section shall be construed to impair the provisions of article twelve of this constitution.*

§ 2. Resolved, That sections one and two of article ten of the constitution be amended to read as follows:

§ 1. *Except in counties in the city of New York,* [Sheriffs] *sheriffs,* clerks of counties, district attorneys, and registers in counties having registers, shall be chosen by the electors of the respective counties, once in every three years and as often as vacancies shall happen[, except in the counties of New York and Kings, and in counties whose boundaries are the same as those of a city, where such officers shall be chosen by the electors once in every two or four years as the legislature shall direct]. Sheriffs shall hold no other office and be ineligible for the next term after the termination of their offices. They shall be required by law to renew their security, from time to time; and in default of giving such new security, their offices shall be deemed vacant. But the county shall never be made responsible for the acts of the sheriff. The governor may remove any officer, hereinbefore in this section mentioned, within the term for which he shall have been elected; giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. In each county in the city of New York a district attorney shall be chosen by the electors once in every two or four years as the legislature shall direct and shall be subject to removal by the governor within the term for which he shall have been elected; giving to such officer a copy of the charges against him, and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. The powers of said counties shall be appointed, and be subject to removal by the appellate division of the supreme court in the judicial department in which the respective counties are located. In addition to their powers and duties as clerks of the supreme court, they shall have power to select, draw, summon and empanel grand and petit jurors in the manner and under the conditions now or hereafter prescribed by law, and shall have such other powers and duties as shall be prescribed from time to time by local law.

§ 2. [All] *Except as herein otherwise provided for counties in the city of New York,* county officers where electors or the legislature shall not be provided for by this Constitution, shall be elected by the electors of the respective counties or appointed by the boards of supervisors, or other county authorities, as the legislature shall direct. *In counties in the city of New York the city of New York is hereby vested with power from time to time by local law, to abolish the office of any county officer other than judges, clerks of courts and district attorneys, and to assign any or all functions of such officers to city officers, courts or clerks of counties, and to prescribe the powers, duties, qualifications, number, mode of selection and removal, terms of office and compensation of the persons holding such offices and the employees therein, and to assign to city officers any powers or duties of clerks of counties not assigned by this constitution. The legislature shall not pass any law affecting any such matters in relation to such offices within the city of New York except on message from the governor declaring that an emergency exists and the concurrent action of two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, but existing laws regarding each such office shall continue in force, and may be amended or repealed by the legislature as heretofore, until the power herein granted to the city has been exercised with respect to that office. The elective county officers in office at the time this article, as amended, takes effect, shall continue in office until the end of the terms for which they were elected.* All city, town and village officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution shall be elected by the electors of such cities, towns and villages, or of some division thereof, or appointed by such authorities thereof, as the Legislature shall designate for that purpose. All other officers, whose election or appointment is not provided for by this Constitution, and all officers, whose offices may hereafter be created by law, shall be elected by the people, or appointed as the Legislature may direct.