

# THE ANDOVER NEWS

A PROGRESSIVE FAMILY NEWSPAPER FOR ALLEGANY COUNTY PEOPLE IN POLITICS INDEPENDENT, BUT NEVER NEUTRAL

VOL. XXIII NO. 3

FOR WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 23, 1918

TERMS: Five Cents Per Week in Advance

## TEN TAX ON DOGS HAS BEEN RAISED

**Dog Law Begins Operation With a Vengeance March 1st Pay Your Tax or Face the Rule.**

Dogs to be licensed; every person who owns, harbors or keeps a dog shall obtain a license therefor, as provided herein, and shall pay the following fees: (1) ten dollars for each male dog; (2) five dollars for each female dog; (3) twenty dollars for a kennel pure-bred dogs, or such sum in excess of such sum of twenty dollars as will equal two dollars for each dog over six months old harbored or kept in a kennel, for which a special kennel license shall be given as hereinafter provided. There shall be paid to the town or city clerk, in addition to each license fee, the sum of twenty-five cents as a registration fee, for the services of such clerk.

Application for a license shall be made to the clerk of the town or city in which the dog is harbored or kept. Such application shall be in writing and shall state the name, sex, breed, age, color and marking of the dog for which license is sought.

Licenses shall be applied for on or before March first in each year, and shall continue for a term of one year. Licenses shall be required for dogs under the age of four months, or under the age of six months if the owner of the dog is a breeder thereof. If such dog shall become of the age of four months, or of six months if the owner be the breeder thereof, on the first day of March, or if a person shall become the owner of an unlicensed dog under such laws prior to the taking effect of this act shall expire after the date the license fee for the license of the twelve months shall be a proportionate part of the fee charged for one year, and the fee of twenty-five cents for the registration of such dog. Each license for a dog first issued shall make no fee when issued, and shall expire on the last day of February following its issuance. Each license in renewal of a license already issued shall be for a term of one year beginning on March 1st.

135. Issuance of licenses, penalty for failure to obtain. A license shall be issued upon application being made therefor and upon payment of the fee herein before prescribed. Such license shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner of agriculture, and shall be executed by the town or city clerk. Each license shall be for the year for which it was issued and shall bear a serial number. An owner of a dog, who refuses to obtain a license for his dog within thirty days after he is required to do so under the provisions of this chapter, shall be subject to a penalty of ten dollars.

## WAR SAVING STAMPS

Telegram From Chairman Vanderlip. Standing of Allegany County Towns

The following telegram from Chairman E. A. Vanderlip shows how the work is progressing in the nation.

Washington, D. C., February 14, 1918. War Savings Stamps today passed fifty million dollar mark and sales have been running at the rate of more than two million a day. The steadily growing volume of savings placed at the service of the nation by millions of citizens is splendid evidence of your effective work. "Business as usual" is a wholly wrong theory in war times. It is only by teaching the people to save and not to compete for labor and materials with the Government that we can put the whole strength of the nation into the war. This is not only our most important contribution to the war but it is the sure way to raise the required money. Our entire organization of nearly two hundred thousand workers must make it our common purpose and spread this gospel so that there will be a militant army of war savers at the next Liberty Loan "On Top."

E. A. VANDERLIP, Chairman, U. S. War Savings Administration.

For the week ending February 9th, 1918 the following is the standing of the ten leading towns in the County of Allegany together with the value of War Savings and Thrift Stamps sold by each.

Cuba	\$4,705.52
Amity	3,871.53
Wellsville	3,106.18
Andover	1,564.74
Bolivar	959.22
Friendship	901.65
Burns	864.79
Belfast	722.35
Filmore	527.82
Angelia	542.07
Hume	32.47

WSS

## CHAUNTAUQUA CLUB

The Chautauqua Club will meet with Mrs. R. A. Pease, Monday evening, Feb. 25th; the lesson will be:

Roll Call—Political Reading—"How to Live," Introduction and 1st chapter. Mrs. Calhoun.

Review—"The Odyssey," Miss Keddmond.

mit a licensed dog to be without such collar and tag during such period of the license.

And where the license thus issued is the special kennel license hereinbefore provided for, it shall be the duty of the city or town clerk to deliver to the person to whom the special kennel license is delivered, as many metal tags as there are dogs over six months of age covered by such special license. The town or city clerk shall also be paid by the person to whom the same is issued a tag fee of twenty-five cents for each tag issued. A new tag with a new number shall be furnished to the owner of a licensed dog by the city or town clerk, in place of the original tag, upon presentation of the license and proof of the loss of such original tag. The clerk shall endorse the new number of such tag on such license, and shall enter it upon the registry. The clerk shall receive for his services in issuing such new tag the sum of twenty-five cents.

## GOVERNMENT AFTER ALL HOARDERS

Potter County Food Administrator Begins Enforcement of the Food Law at the County Seat. Finds Plenty of Hoarding.

In recent weeks Coudersport, the county seat of Potter County, has been suffering from acute shortage of both flour and sugar. The Potter County Food Administrator, Dorr Cahb, was instructed by the Pennsylvania Food Administration to do what he could toward relieving the shortage. He secured some relief in an unexpected way. Quite a number of Coudersport families had purchased and stored in their homes from a barrel to four or five barrels of flour, and in some cases a considerable quantity of sugar. These families were notified to dispose of the surplus to other consumers or to dealers so that it could be made use of by those needing the supplies. Fully 25 barrels of flour were turned in by the dealers.

Any person who willfully hoards any necessary article shall upon conviction be fined not exceeding more than two dollars, or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding more than two months, or both. Necessary articles are deemed to be those which are held, contacted, or arranged for by a quantity in excess of a reasonable requirement for use or consumption by the individual and dependents for a reasonable time.

Many of the Coudersport people purchased excessive supplies recently, but now that the law is well known the only patriotic and safe course to pursue is to turn back any surplus above the requirements of the family for not exceeding sixty days. This may be done to the local dealer of whom the flour and sugar were purchased, or disposition may be made to other families in need of the supplies. Grocers are well aware that sales must now be limited to one 1/2 bbl. sack to families in village, or 1/4 bbl. to country customers; and cereals to the amount of two pounds must be sold with every three pounds of flour. After March 1st equal quantities of cereals must be sold with flour. Equal quantities are now required to be sold in Pennsylvania. It is the custom to limit the sale of sugar to two pounds, but a quantity no more than three pounds per person for one month is not considered an excessive purchase.

GEO. C. ROSA, Deputy for Allegany Co. WSS

## CHILDREN'S NIGHT

Children's night was observed very prettily at Andover Rebekah Lodge Wednesday night. A fine program, consisting of recitations, readings and tableaux, was interspersed with musical numbers, instrumental and vocal. One of the pleasing features of the program was a drama by twelve little girls under the direction of Drill Master E. P. Rogers. Each and every member of the program was well rendered and heartily encouraged. Children's night is an annual event at Rebekah Lodge and the program this year exceeded. There was an attendance of over a hundred. Lunch was served at the close of the meeting with the children and young people as guests of honor.

## "OLD GUARD" ROUTED AT ST. LOUIS MEETING

Open Road Now for Return of Progressives and the Nomination in 1920 of Their Candidate, No More "Steam Roller."

Elimination of Old Guard control of the Republican party. A healing oyer of the sores caused by the party split in 1912. A tremendous increase in the political influence of George W. Perkins. An open road to the Republican nomination for the Presidency in 1920 for Theodore Roosevelt, Governor Charles S. Whitman or whoever else the "progressive" element of the party may decide to back. These were the results achieved by the election of Will H. Hays, of Indiana, as chairman of the Republican National Committee and the defeat of John T. Adams candidate of the Old Guard, according to the opinions of Republicans who returned yesterday from the meeting of the committee at St. Louis.

According to reports brought back by the delegates of the Old Guard, Adams was crushing them and had secured four delegates from St. Louis. The prediction was made that the once powerful influence of Adams, formerly Senator from Massachusetts, and who had been elected to the position of Chairman of the Executive Committee of the party, would be broken.

George W. Perkins, who was credited with having brought about the withdrawal of Mr. Adams by obtaining documentary evidence to support his charge that the latter had been pro-German before the United States entered the war, returned during the day. He called upon Colonel Roosevelt at Roosevelt Hospital late in the afternoon.

It was learned that some of the Old Guard committeemen persisted in their efforts to elect Mr. Adams, even after the publication of the letter which he wrote from Germany. The refusal of committeemen who had been classed as supporters of Mr. Adams to stick to him was said to have brought about his withdrawal, despite the insistence of some of the Old Guard leaders that he remain a candidate.

Some doubt existed yesterday regarding Mr. Adams' status in the committee, but it was said to be certain that he would not continue as vice chairman.

Mr. Hays will appoint a new Executive Committee and is expected to call a meeting of the National Committee to ratify his appointments within sixty days. It was considered certain that a majority of the members of the new Executive Committee will be "progressive" in their tendencies. It also was said to be probable that an advisory committee would be appointed and would include some of the more prominent members of the old Progressive party. Mr. Perkins, not being a member of the Republican National Committee, is not eligible for appointment to the Executive Committee. It was said that he was likely to be a member of the Advisory Committee if not its chairman, and as such would have a place in the national Republican organization.

## ANDOVER MEN CALLED TO SERVICE

The following Andover men received their calls yesterday morning to report for service February 27th: Raymond Snyder, Henry Studor, Ralph W. Perry, Harold Kemp, Carl Gustafson. WSS

## KICKS ON NEW SYSTEM SORTING POTATOES

Andover Potato Raiser Thinks New System Unfair, and Makes Potato Raising Unprofitable to Farmers.

The United States Food Administration has seen fit to change the grade of potatoes. They enlarged the No. 2 grade to such an extent to include potatoes 4 or 5 inches long, and in some varieties even longer. The No. 3 grade remain about the same.

Under the new system of grading the average crop in ordinary conditions will yield about 50-50. Some years, not that, in particular when blight or frost kills the vines before maturity.

With all fairness to everybody I think the U. S. Food Administration was ill-advised, and I think that if they knew the condition as they exist they would never change the old system of grading which was "very very fair," especially at this time when every American grower is bending every effort to grow more.

Today the dealers are paying for No. 1 grade, or 84¢ per bushel for No. 1 grade; 70¢ for No. 2 grade and the No. 3 grade is all. This price is for potatoes of store house quality. The inflation of the market, with the fertilizer, has caused the price of potatoes to rise four or five times in the past few years.

The average grower cannot produce potatoes to-day at a profit of \$2.50 per hundred pounds or \$1.50 per bushel for No. 1 grade under the old system of grading. Under the new system I will not venture to say. Of course I realize that the price fixing may be beyond the U. S. Food Administration control, but I understand they are responsible for the new system of grading.

I would suggest that every potato grower in this section would appeal to the U. S. Food Administration to rescind that order of grading before it is too late for it is bound to bring hardships to growers and will force a great many out of business. The growers should have every encouragement at this time to grow "more" and "more" and should have no impediment like this one which we are all helping to grow food stuff to win the war.

T. JOSEPH LYNCH.

## FOOD QUESTIONS MAIN THEME OF WEEK

State Commissioner of Agriculture at Farmers Week Pleads Against Hysteria—Price Fixing Scored.

(Special Correspondence)

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 19.—Out of all the lectures, conferences, demonstrations, meetings of special organizations and the hundred and one things provided as a part of the annual farmers' week program at the State College of Agriculture, which came to a close Saturday night a few, naturally, stand out prominently.

First of all comes the all-important subject of food production and food saving. In making the program the college authorities had given this topic prominence but because of its own bigness it took on an importance which the program itself did not give it.

Hardly a meeting or lecture, it seemed, failed to touch upon this subject in some phase or other. There was the address by F. D. Walcott, New York banker and organizer of the relief work in Poland, work which he had given up because Germany broke faith with him. Mr. Walcott, who is now Food Administrator Hoover's right-hand man, came home to his hearers as a speaker the urgent need for saving food.

The armies of our country, well fed, he said, but the starvation of England, France, Italy are uttering on the verge of starvation. The whole war at present is hanging on a hair and the food supply is keeping it in balance. It is up to the United States, said Mr. Walcott, to preserve this balance.

Then there was the address of Jane Adams, the famous settlement worker of Hull House, Chicago, who told of woman's part in the food situation. She said in the past woman has always helped in agriculture and that in Europe to-day she is helping more than she has in the past. Adams also told of the various ways women can help in food saving—and this by domestic statistics that most women have been wasteful in the past.

Then, again, there was a meeting during the week, of the State Food Commission, of which President Seligman of Cornell is a member and head of the division of conservation. At this meeting it was decided to go at the question of farm labor at once. The state department of labor will co-operate in this work and will place in its various offices men who are familiar with the needs of farmers. Special men will also be assigned to the farm bureaus in the different counties to help in the distribution of labor.

The gutting contest in the poultry building, while not a new

## FEDERATED MEETING

Seventh-Day Baptist Church, Sunday Night 7:30

Bread, Cakes, Fried Cakes  
Clarke Baking Co. Goods  
FINE QUALITY AND LOW PRICE  
War Bread, Corn Bread, Oat Bread, Rye  
Entire and two sizes of White Bread  
Special Price on Sunshine Line of Cookies  
This Week  
C. W. WILLIAMS  
BROOKLYN, OREGON