Storm, Auto and Dress Overcoats All in One

The "Stanley" adjustable collar Overcoats are splendid. Buttoned right up under the chin when necessary or when their cuts comes out down goes the collar and the "storm" effect is gone.

The "Bi-Kollar" Overcoat means two distinctive garments made possible by the use of detachable collars which can be put on or taken off in a "jiffy". One is the regular velvet collar, the other, an auto-military collar, neither of which, can be detected from the ordinary permanent collar, but can be made permanent if desired. None more stylish, more practical nor more up-to-date than ones we are showing.

These overcoats begin at $15 and up to $30.

A demonstration of these practical winter overcoats will be given some time during the week. Look for definite date in Hornell paper.

SCHAUL & ROOSA CO.
117 Main St., Hornell, N. Y.

GREENWOOD LOCAL BRIEFS

The weather.

Roads are good.

Winter has held off.

Mrs. Clair of Hebron is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Thos Gale.

Mrs. H. H. Summers, of Canisteo, was entertained by Mrs. Carrie Fuller, Friday.

Mrs. H. Pickett visited relatives in Hornell last week.

The young people gave a dance Friday evening in honor of Misses Gertrude and Genevieve Davis, who are visiting their aunt, Mrs. D. B. Hartley. About 20 couples were present. Music was furnished by Mr. Frank Thos. Gale.

Mrs. Quigley was in Greenwood Friday.

Supervisor, R. S. Wyckoff, of Jasper, was in town, Friday.

Mrs. John Scherette spent Sunday with Miss Blanche Parshall in Addison.

Martin Flynn was in town, Saturday.

Witte & Atkins received another carload of corn, Thursday.

Austin Huff was in town, Friday.

Supervisor J. K. Miller and wife were in town, Friday.

Harry Taylor and John Scherette were to Webster, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kelley spent Thanksgiving with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tuttle, of Troupsburg.

Mrs. Miner Shaw was in Hornell, Friday.

Mrs. G. M. Webster was in Hornell, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Davis of Troupsburg were in Greenwood, Saturday on business.

Miss May Osborn is visiting her aunt, Mrs. G. M. Webster.

Mrs. Stephens and Mrs. Plaisted spent Thanksgiving with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Wyckoff.

Mr. Woodward, president of the Greenwood Bank has traded his horse for a traveling car. It thinks it is cheaper than oats.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Learn of Hornell, Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Learn, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Downs, of Canisteo, ate their Thanksgiving dinner with Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Miller.

Misses Anson Hunter, Geo. Brasstown, Harry Crane, Frank Flint, Leon Hunton, Hugh Slawson, J. Blakeley, Guy Meeks, John Hunter, Wm. Boyd and Clair Hastings and Misses Ices Young, Edith Hall, Louise Davis, Virginia Goff, Louise June, Jessie Carter, Miss Aldrich, May Hall and Mary Young drove up to Greenwood, Wednesday evening and spent a dinner at home of Mrs. Phillip's fine horse.

Case, of Jasper was in town Friday.

Mr. Baker was in our city, Saturday.

Frank Day and son, Frank, were Greenwood visitors, Monday.

Mr. Venerable, Henry Whiteman was a visitor in this village, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. David Foster were in Hornell, yesterday. Mrs. Foster was on her way to Canisteo to visit her sister, Mrs. John Travis and her son, Jury Fowler. Mr. Foster and Mrs. George Kruson were in Hornell, yesterday.

Wm. Foxx, of Slate Creek was in town, Saturday.

Samuel Tuttle of Troupsburg was in our city, Saturday.

Israel Whiteman was a caller in town, yesterday.

Henry O'Hargan was in Greenwood Monday on legal business.

Thomas Coleman of West Union was in our city yesterday.

Thomas Caffrey was in our city, yesterday.

J. B. Woodbury of Hornell was in Greenwood Tuesday.

L. L. Peck of Canisteo, was in town last week.

Geo. Elwell was a Greenwood caller, Friday.

Jake Mable of Goshen is buying stock in Greenwood.

F. N. Huntington, of Jasper, was in our city, Wednesday.

W. D. Hale, of Hartsville, was a city visitor last week.

H. T. Kelley of Hornell was a Tuesday caller in Greenwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Donaldson were in town, yesterday.

F. M. Brown of Young Hickory, was in Greenwood, Friday.

Curtis Lanphear, of Troupsburg, was in our city yesterday.

E. O. Hall was visiting in Greenwood Friday.

E. M. Holmes, of Buffalo, was in town, Monday.

Thos Swan, of Jasper visited in Greenwood Sunday.

A. J. Murphy was in our city, Saturday.

A. Vanderhoof, of Galeton, was in town last week.

J. Fay was in our city, yesterday.

Dorance Austin, of Wileyville was in Greenwood, Saturday.

J. B. Dencen was a city caller, yesterday.

A. Rosenblatt of Elmira spent Sunday in Greenwood.

Geo. Marshall, of Hornell, was in our city, yesterday.

Dr. Calkings and H. B. Rose, of Hornell, were in Greenwood, Monday with two dogs hunting partridges. It did not seem to be their day for game as their game bags were quite empty, when they returned.

John Cook of Buffalo was in our city, Wednesday.

L. C. Bassett, of Whitesville was in Greenwood last week looking after a job of plumbing.

Geo. Markham, of Hornell was in our city to-day.

Twenty couple attended the dance Friday evening.

G. W. Baxter, of Canisteo, was in our city to-day.

W. E. Mitchell, of Rochester, was in our city, Tuesday.

B. E. Dennis, of Syracuse, was a Greenwood caller, Tuesday.

Three were drowned by the upsetting of a life boat at Tillimook Oregon. Several families from this place have become residents of that village.

J. C. Darcy of Wellsville was in Greenwood Tuesday.

The Prohibition vote of Steuben was 623.

Canisteo is circulating a subscription for stock in the Up-to-date factory to keep it in that village.

Did you see the eclipse of the moon?

Greenwood has no poor in the County House.

It looks as though Cook was on a still hunt for the south pole.

Wm. Chisholm slid off a barn roof in Hornell falling 20 feet to the frozen ground. He will recover.

Wheeler Dexter of Fort Benton, Montanna is visiting his sister Mrs. John Guyon.

William Brasted and wife of Howard celebrated their golden wedding Wednesday.

Cheap Reading

The Buffalo Morning Express every week day in the year and the Andover News each week, for $2.00. The News is now in a position to give the very best combinations ever offered to the people of Andover and vicinity on any books or magazines by the copy or by the year. Just think of getting such a daily as the Buffalo Morning Express delivered at your door every day with the Andover News each week for only $2.00. If you bought it by the copy the Express alone would cost you $2.12. The News and Express will cost you but $2.00 if ordered thru us. 52

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

You May Travel Over the World for Your Clothes but You Will Not Find Anything Better than We'll Sell You Right in This Town

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are the best in the world; there are no other clothes made to equal them.

Every fabric all-wool; tailoring of the highest class known; perfect style.

Raincoats, Overcoats, Top Coats, all fabrics and styles. $15.50 to $50. Suits in all the new models $20. to $45.

THIS STORE IS THE HOME OF

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

"GOOD CLOTHES FOR LITTLE MEN"

When the boy needs clothes bring him here.

You can't do better—you may do worse.

Our Boys' Clothes are made of strong, durable fabric—double sewed—double seats—double knees—and double strength all around Suits built for duty.

Overcoats in single breasted, double breasted, military cut and Russian styles. Cute little Reefers and Top Coats.

Clothes Bought From Us Pressed and Kept in Repair One Year Free of Charge

Star Clothing House

Leading Clothiers and Furnishers,

134-136 Main Street - 4-6 Church Street, Hornell, N. Y.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elisha Reynolds, Surrogate of Allegany County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against William Richardson, late of the town of Andover, County of Allegany, deceased, are required to hereby required to present the same with proper vouchers thereof to the undersigned, the administrator of the estate of said deceased at Porter & Richardson's store in the village of Andover, N. Y., in said County of Allegany on or before the first day of June.

Dated Nov. 26, 1909.

Mary E. Richardson.
Earl A. Richardson
Administrators

Hexamethylenetetramine

The above is the name of a German chemical, which is one of the many valuable ingredients of Foley's Kidney Remedy. Hexamethylenetetramine is recognized by medical text books and authorities as a uric acid solvent and antiseptic for the urine. Take Foley's Kidney Remedy as soon as you notice any irregularities and avoid a serious malady.

Brundage Drug Co.

When Rubbers Become Necessary

And your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes, is just the thing to use. Try it for Breaking in New Shoes. Sold Everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. 50

Up-to-date type for up-to-date work in our job department.

Farm and Cheese Factory For Sale Right

CHEESE FACTORY, boiler and connections, 2 600-gallon vats, curd sink and press, weigh can and scales, crane iron, cheese box machine, 20 hoops, spring ten rods from factory, pipe connections, steel roof and Georgia pine ceiling. Fine location in Potter county, Pennsylvania. Only $875, $250 down, $150 a year on balance.

FARM—Located 2 miles from Genesee, Pa., on R. F. D. and telephone, 109 acres; 75 acres under cultivation, 25 acres in pasture, 9 acres in hemlock and hardwood timber, good house and abarn 32x44 with basement; spring water at house and barn both, good orchard and is a fine laying place. Price only $2,600, $500 down easy terms on balance.

ROWLEY & BEAGLE Agency
Genesee, Pa.

SHINGLES

White Cedars at $2.35
Red " $2.60
" $3.50
" $4.00

Can't be beaten in price and quality.

H. P. BENTON
ANDOVER, - - - - - - NEW YORK

ISN'T IT FAIR?

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF NEW FURNITURE FOR THE HOME THIS FALL WE WANT YOU TO COME HERE. LOOK OVER OUR LINE. SEE WHAT WE HAVE TO OFFER. NOTE THE QUALITY—ALSO THE PRICES. WE ARE WILLING TO LEAVE THE DECISION TO YOU.

DROP IN AND LET'S TALK IT OVER ANYWAY.

J. B. DAGON,
Furniture and Undertaking
68 MAIN STREET, HORNELL, N. Y.

Nervous Prostration For Three Years

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine cured me of a severe case of nervous prostration of over three years duration, and the Anti-Pain Pills are as necessary to us as the roof of our house. They have been household remedies with us for many years."

WM. J. LOUGHRAN,
1214 Catherine St.,
Philadelphia, Penna.

Much sickness is due to nervous troubles. Headache, dizziness, epilepsy and insanity are nervous troubles. Then there is a large class of disorders which arise from a weakness of the nerves of an organ or part, as weak lungs, heart, stomach, kidney, bladder, eyes, etc. Dyspepsia and indigestion are usually the result of nervous disorders.

Restorative Nervine

soothes the irritated nerves, and assists the nerve cells to generate nerve force.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Notice to Creditors

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elisha Reynolds, Surrogate of Allegany County, New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of Mary P. Chase, late of the Town of Andover, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present the same with proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned Eugene Caple, the Executor under the Last Will and Testament of said deceased, at his residence in the Village of Andover, N. Y., on or before the 3rd day of March, 1910.

Dated Sept. 1, 1909.

Jesse S. Phillips, Eugene Caple,
Atty. for Executor, Executor.
Andover, N. Y.,

Notice to Creditors.

Pursuant to an order of Hon. Elisha Reynolds, Surrogate of Allegany County, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of Francis M. Lanphear late of the Town of Andover, in said county, deceased, that they are required to present same with the vouchers thereof to the undersigned, Grace L. Carpenter and Minnie Meeks, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of said deceased, at the office of J. S. Phillips, Andover, N. Y., on or before March 3, 1910.

Dated Sept. 3, 1909.

Grace L. Carpenter
Minnie Meeks,
Executors.

POLEY'S KIDNEY CURE
Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

A Good Dinner

Frequently depends a great deal upon the quality of meat you get at the market. We give much attention to the many details which go to make our goods so satisfactory to our customers. Nothing is of "too little" importance. You can always depend upon the meats from this market being fresh and wholesome.

Raufenbarth's Market
Main Street Andover, N Y

Dr. F. W. MILLER

Osteopath Physician

Will be at Swink's Hotel Mondays and Fridays ..of each week..

10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

NERVOUS DISEASES AND RHEUMATISM A Specialty

The Buyers' Guide

The firms whose names are represented in our advertising columns are worthy of the confidence of every person in the community who has money to spend. The fact that they advertise stamps them as enterprising, progressive men of business, a credit to our town, and deserving our support. Our advertising columns comprise a Buyers' Guide to fair dealing, good goods, honest prices.

N. Y. & P. R. R. CO.

Taking effect May 18, 1908

WEST.

No. 2 Mail. Leave Erie Junction at 9.00 a. m. arriving at Canisteo 9:24, Greenwood 9:58, Rexville 10:08 Whitesville 10:22, Genesee 10:39, Fillsburg 10:50 Oswayo 11:12, Millport 11.56, Shingle House at 11:38, P. S. & N. Junction 11:49, Ceres 11:51.

Leave Erie Junction at 5.47 P. M., arriving at Canisteo at 6.55, Greenwood 6.20 Rexville 6.32, Whitesville 6:42, Genesee 7:00 Wellsburg 7.22, Oswayo 7.46 Millport 8.02, and at Shingle House 8.15.

NO. 4 Way Freight and Accomodation. Leave Canisteo at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Greenwood at 7:15, Rexville 8.25, Whitesville 9:04, Genesee 9.37, Oswayo 10:51.

No. 8. Way freight and accommodation. Leave Oswayo at 11.15 a. m., arriving at Shingle House at 12:35.

No. 10. Way freight and accomodation. Leaves Shingle House 7.45 a. m., arriving at Ceres at 9.00 a. m.

EAST

No. 1. Mail. Leaves Shingle House at 6:46 a. m., arriving at Millport at 6.59, Oswayo 7.15, Fillsburg 7.27, Genesee 7:51, Whitesville 8:04, Rexville 8:25, Greenwood 8:36, Canisteo 8:50 Erie Junction 9:03.

No. 3, Mail. Leaves Ceres 12.00 P. m., arriving at P. S. & N. Junction at 12.02, Shingle House 12:13 Millport at 1:19 Oswayo at 1.37, Fillsburg 1:56, Genesee 2:10, Whitesville 2:23, Rexville 2:44, Greenwood 2:55 Canisteo 3:20, arriving at the Erie Junction at 3:24.

No. 5. Way freight and accommodation. Leaves Oswayo at 11:20 a.m. Fillsburg at 12:15, Genesee at 12:45 Whitesville 1:17 Rexville 2:10 Greenwood 2:21, Canisteo 2:15, arriving at Erie Junction at 3:20.

Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad
Passenger Schedule

Effective Thursday, Aug. 19, 1909.

Train No. 340 leaves Genesee at 7:51 a. m., Wellsville 8.33 a.m., daily except Sunday, for all points North, arriving at Buffalo at 11:50.

Train No. 342 leaves Genesee daily at 2:12 p. m. for points north, arriving at Wellsville 2:38 p. m., Buffalo at 7:10 P. M.

Train No. 343 leaves Buffalo at 8:40 A. M. Wellsville 12:32 P. M. Genesee 12:42 p. m., daily, for Galeton, Austin, Cross Forks, Anscola, Addison and intermediate points.

Train No. 345 leaves Buffalo 3:15 P. M., Wellsville 6:47 P. M., Genesee 7:14 P. M., daily except Sunday for Galeton and intermediate points.

Train No. 342, connects at Crystal Lake with B. R. & P. train No. 6 arriving in Rochester at 9:40 P. M., daily.

Train No. 343 connects at Crystal Lake daily except Sunday with B. R. & P. train No. 5, leaving Rochester 7:00 A. M.

THE KING OF CONGRESS

Ten Comprehensive and Democratic Program Ever Presented by a Chief Executive is Recommended to the National Legislature.

Ten Main Policies Urged by the President—Great Fight Looked For Over the Policies Discussed—Postal Savings Bank Proposal.

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.

THE congress of the United States meets once a year and some times twice. This is one of the years in which it meets twice. The special session started on March 15 and adjourned when the weather grew so hot it wilted even the spirit discussion. The regular session convenes Dec. 6. Ordinarily little is done before the Christmas holidays except the appointment of committees. This year will probably prove no exception to the rule, although the committees of the senate and a few of the most important of the house are already appointed. What the committees will do nobody can tell. The oldest inhabitant never lived with sufficient temerity to tackle the job. There be alleged prophets who attempt to foretell when the world will come to an end, what the weather will be on inaugurating day and who will be elected president, but they all sidestep congress. When it comes to uncertainty the probable action of congress is the most uncertain thing known in nature. In comparison the future actions of a hatpdid can be determined with mathematical exactitude. The only safe prediction to make is that the president will tell congress what it ought to do and that it will proceed to do something else, yet it might fool us even in that. The wind bloweth where it listeth, and congress blows nobody knows where, but at any rate it blows.

Congress is made up of Speaker Cannon, Senator Aldrich and some others. Numerically there are 390 others in the house and 91 in the senate, but these two are the ones who count. If they do not lie. There are all kinds of talk about the overthrow of Cannon and Aldrich, but they are apparently fixed in the saddle until March 4, 1911, and that is a long time. It is some moons beyond the end of the coming session, which is the only one with which we are immediately concerned. When Mr. Cannon was elected speaker at the beginning of the extra session and Mr. Aldrich was placed at the head of the finance and steering committees that largely settled the matters so far as this congress is concerned. True, a revolt of sufficient proportions might unhorse either of them temporarily on certain bills, but could hardly affect their official status. Nothing less than a parliamentary revolution could do that. As we are not in the age of revolutions, parliamentary or otherwise, we may as well dismiss that contingency. In all probability Cannon and Aldrich will have to be reckoned with in any legislation passed before 1911.

The Taft Policies.

The program placed before congress by President Taft in his annual message, as indicated by his speeches, will be the most extensive and ambitious ever proposed by a chief executive. It will even dwarf the recommendations made by Roosevelt. As outlined, there will be ten main policies urged by the president, besides a list of minor items covering routine matters and questions of secondary importance. The ten commandments of Taft to congress will be something in this wise:

Supervision of the issue of stocks and bonds by interstate corporations.

Readjustment of the duties and powers of the interstate commerce commission.

Creation of a new bureau in the department of justice to deal with violations of law by interstate carriers.

Establishment of a so called "railroad court."

Amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Creation of a postal savings bank.

Ship subsidies.

Amendment of the procedure regarding the granting of injunctions.

Conservation of natural resources.

In addition to these and the minor recommendations of the president, the two territories of Arizona and New Mexico will knock for admission to statehood, the deep waterways people will knock for a ship canal through the Mississippi, the insurgents will knock for a tariff commission, the individual congressmen and senators will knock for "pork" and a growing deficit in the treasury will knock with loud clamor for economy. Can you beat that for a knocking program? If any pessimist gets out his hammer and adds to the unholy din he should be sternly suppressed.

There yet remains the monetary commission about which Senator Aldrich is trying to educate the country. It is not probable, however, that this body will make its report in time to be acted on by the coming session. It may even be left over to the new congress, which meets in 1911.

One of the minor policies favored by the president is the consolidation into a national health bureau of all instruments for the investigation, prevention and cure of disease, which are now included in the national government or may properly be included. As this was favored in the last national Democratic platform and a milder declaration looking in the same direction was in the Republican platform, it is probable that the proposal will meet with little opposition. But if so it is the only one of the Taft policies that will not stir up a fight.

The Line of Battle.

The control of the issue of stocks and bonds by corporations aimed at the evil popularly known as stock watering will have the cohorts of Wall street to overcome and will probably have none too active support from the Cannon-Aldrich regime. The same is true of the expansion of the duties of the bureau of corporations and the creation of a new bureau in the department of justice to deal with violations of the anti-trust, anti-rebate and railroad rate laws. All these proposals by the president are in line with the closer inspection and control of interstate corporations and with the famous Roosevelt policies. They will meet much of the same opposition against which Mr. Taft's predecessor had to contend.

As for the readjustment of the duties and powers of the interstate commerce commission, the creation of a railroad court and the amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law, these are partially in line with Roosevelt's plans and partially are due to the initiative of President Taft himself. The workings of the railroad rate law have not been entirely satisfactory in practice, or, rather, the results expected from that measure have not fully materialized, and this proposed legislation is for the purpose of remedying the defects in the act.

Roosevelt never heartily favored the railroad court, claiming that it would be a mere duplicate of the commerce court, giving the last named a court proper. One objection urged against the railroad court by congress will be on the score of expense. Perhaps the chief amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law will be one to permit certain forms of combination by railroads, such combination to be under the supervision of the government and with entire publicity. This was favored by Roosevelt. It is not believed that these proposed changes in the transportation laws will arouse much opposition from the railroads, some of them being heartily favored by transportation men as in the nature of a relief.

Postal Banks and Subsidies.

One of the greatest fights of the session will be over the postal savings bank proposal. Notwithstanding the fact that this is in the last Republican national platform and is even mentioned as an alternative in the Democratic platform, it will be opposed by an influential section of both parties. The banks, of course, will antagonize it—not only the private savings institutions, but the national and state banks. The old cry of government paternalism is being raised. In many cases this is no doubt the sincere utterance of those who believe "that government best which governs least," while in others it is just as certainly assumed by men who oppose the government going into the banking business. What the attitude of Cannon and Aldrich will be toward postal savings banks is problematical, but it is hardly likely that one of extreme friendship, as Cannon is himself interested in a bank and Aldrich is in close touch with the bankers of New York.

Ship subsidies will bring another fight, but from an entirely different source. The American people are traditionally opposed to the granting of direct subsidies, and this sentiment has been sufficient to defeat attempted legislation of this kind in the past. Taft is the first president to come out flat footedly in favor of ship subsidies, and but for one circumstance his influence might be sufficient to put it through. The obstacle in the way is that the national treasury is running more and more into a deficit. It was hoped that the new tariff bill would remedy this condition, but as yet it has failed to do so. Not in recent years has there been so great a cry or so great a need for economy. In the hands of the foes of a ship subsidy this fact will be a powerful club.

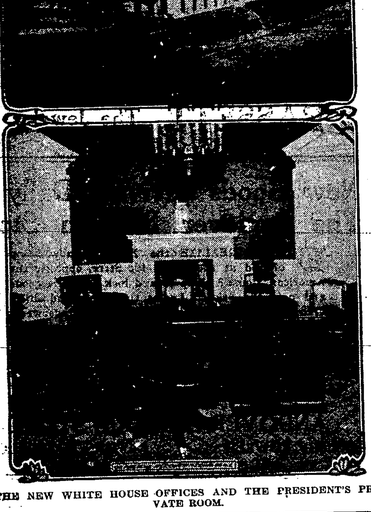
In the matter of injunctions and reform of federal court procedure the president has indicated that he will ask for the appointment of a commission to look into the matter and report to a future session of congress. Against this plan, unless it be on the score of expense, there will probably be little or no opposition.

A Third Term Bugaboo.

The conservation of natural resources has formed the storm center during the summer and may play some part in congress, although it is safe to say that the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy will take a back seat when trust regulation, postal savings banks and ship subsidies come to the front. In a general way the president has approved the Roosevelt policies of conserving water power sites, coal lands, forests and other resources. On the reclamation question Mr. Taft has come to the rather momentous decision that he will ask for an issue of bonds. On its face this is sufficiently startling, but considered with the circumstances it appears justifiable. The fact is that a large number of people procured lands in the arid belt with the understanding that the government was about to open irrigation plants in their vicinity. Owing to lack of funds the government projects have been held up, and the people are suffering in consequence. The president's proposal is to issue bonds payable from future revenues raised for reclamation purposes and with the money obtained from the sale of these bonds to complete the irrigation projects thus halted. That would be a relief to the settlers, would open up thousands of acres of idle land for cultivation and would work little or no hardship on the government.

As an aftermath of the row raised over the conservation question a New York newspaper recently printed a story to the effect that the whole trouble was started as a part of a scheme to renominate Theodore Roosevelt for president in 1912. It even stated that the cabinet had met in extraordinary session during President Taft's absence and had considered the alarming situation. As an example of the fantastic tales that emanate from Washington during the dull season it is not bad, but is hardly worth considering from any other standpoint than that of a fairy story.

When congressmen return to Washington this winter they will find the president housed in a new and commodious executive building of an architectural dignity befitting his great office. For the first time the chief magistrate of the republic has official quarters that are not a reproach. Up to the time of Roosevelt the presidents were compelled to attend to public business in their private residence. Under Roosevelt the executive office wing which was constructed was popularly known as the "hencoop." During President Taft's vacation and transcontinental journey this structure was entirely overhauled and enlarged to a size worthy of its object. It is still simple and democratic in appearance, but is no longer an architectural joke.



THE NEW WHITE HOUSE OFFICES AND THE PRESIDENT'S PRIVATE ROOM.

Senator Lorimer Who Is Under Fire Again Is Not Popular Among Senate Colleagues.

Senator Lorimer Who Is Under Fire Again Is Not Popular Among Senate Colleagues.

Senator Lorimer, who is under fire again for his alleged corrupt methods in the senatorial contest in Illinois, is not popular among his colleagues in the senate. He is a man who has made his way in politics by the use of methods which are not those of the average senator. He is a man who has been in the senate but a few years, but he has made himself so disagreeable to his associates that he is not popular with them. He is a man who has been in the senate long enough to know that he is not popular with his associates, but he is a man who has been in the senate long enough to know that he is not popular with his associates, but he is a man who has been in the senate long enough to know that he is not popular with his associates, but he