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temperature,

Democratic Candidate Formally Accepts wanted

AIGN QUESTIONS DISCUSSED

Vice-Presidential Namines Giver Views on the Tariff and the Cur-Nearly Half the Document Desil to the Lodge Bill and Similar compled Legislation.

RABLESTON, W. Va., Oct. 30.—The er of acceptance has been sent to the addent of the National Democratic relation by Gen. A. E. Stevenson:

CHARLESTON Oct. 29 THE HON. WILLIAM L. WILSON, CHAIR

s day at elements on her. A ons of the extricate ide beyond to time he her than with watern her standie MAN, ETC. hem in the presence of my country ypen in the presence of my country-lacepted the honor conferred upon by the convention over which you sided, I promised to indicate by letter gided, I promised to indicate by letter, more formal manner my acceptance he nomination tendered me by the as-bled representatives of the Democratic

bled representatives of the Democratic ty of the United States. ince that time I have been engaged inually in the discussion before the ple of many States of the Union of the emphasized by the convention and pes emphasized by the convention and resented by our candidate for Presi-in, Grover Cleveland. Opportunity has a been denied me to write with the el would like to the more formal

I would like to the more formal ter promised to your committee. It full discussion of public questions, monly expected from a candidate for Jreadent, has been rendered less erative by the complete presentation to be bemocratic creed, by the gentlewith whom I have the honor to be cated as a candidate on the National.

It ills treatment of the issues now for the country for discussion and the more than endorse his position and it the emphasis of my unqualified royal. id softly, Ar ince coming. 31 Making. watching the control of the facts of

it the emphasis of my diaquament rowal.

be greatest power conferred upon san government is that of taxation, the great struggles of the past for a der political liberty have looked to deter political liberty have looked to deter political liberty have looked to state a right which should-always mitted by the necessities of the governent—and the benefits of which may bared by all whenever this power is do draw tribute from the many for benefit of the few, or when part of benefit of the few, or used to excuse exactions, and there arises artificial succious which is used to excuse exactions, and there arises artificial incitions which the beneficiaries combined upon in due time as vested rights ook upon in due time as vested rights

ed to themselves. I is plain that our present inequitable tem of tariff taxation has promoted growth of such condition in our land, wed though it has been by an indusman and enterprising people, a friendly mate, a productive soil and the highest relopment of political liberty. If the action of this system shall be able add a new tenure of power to those y have already enjoyed, the development of unfavorable conditions must consumit the newer to tax will be such that the power to tax will be such that the power to tax will be such that the power to tax will be is plain that our present inequitable ne until the power to tax will be ged in those who are willing and able pay for the perpetuation of privilege ginally conferred by a confiding people the preservation inviolate of their own

ere is no longer pretext or excuse for race is no longer pretext or excuse for emaintenance of a war tariff in times pace and more than a quarter of a altry after armed conflict has ceased, teplatform of the National Democratic vention demands the reform of this tem and the adoption in its place of which will insure equality to all our whe. I am in full and hearty accord to these purposes.

where the many sequence of the convention also declared its positive on the currency question in no unsaing words, when it said in the plattir. We hold to the use of both gold dilver as the standard money of the curry, and to the coinage of both gold dilver, without discriminating that the coinage of both gold dilver, without discriminating that the coinage of the coinage of the coinage of the gold dilver, without discriminating that the coinage of the gold dilver, without discriminating that the coinage of the gold dilver, without discriminating that the dollar unit of both metals at be of equal intrinsic and exchanged value, or be adjusted through interdical agreement, or by such safeting of the two metals and the equal that of every dollar at all times in the wists and in payment of debt, and we sand that all paper currency shall be great provided and redeemable in such in.

this plain and unequivocal declaraa favor of sound, honest money, I
ribe without reservation or qualifia. A safe circulating medium is
tely essential to the protection of
usiness interests of our country,
to the wage earner or the farmer-it
important that every dollar, whatits form, that finds its way into his
et should be of equal, unquestioned,
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a my nomination I have been in of the Southern and Southwestern the transmission of have been in the transmission of the Union, and have talked to the Union, and have talked to the Union, and have talked to the Union of all classes and conditions of long the same of the Union of the Union

The enactment of a Force bill into law, while it would threaten the liberties of

The enactment of a Force bill into law, while it would threaten the liberties of the entire people, would undoubtedly retard the material growth of the States at which it was specially simed, would incite in many communities race troubles, and lawite, statistory legislation, which would discontinue and destroy he security of Northern investments.

Its reflex action upon the Northern States would result in a consequent loss of commercial and trade relations with the wast territory now becoming tributary to their wealth and prosperity. I saw nothing now of the inherent vice of the un-American and revolutionary spirit involved in the Lodge bill, which was pronounced by a Republican Sentor "the most infamous that ever crossed the threshold of the Senate."

I appeal to the instinct of self interest and common justice in the

I appeal to the instinct of self interest and common justice in the American peo-ple. The era of good feeling and re-newed commercial relations, commencing with the election of Mr. Cleveland in with the election of Mr. Cleveland in 1884, should not be interrupted by the inauguration of a policy which tends to destroy popular representation and the purity of local self-government, which Federal power to perpetuate itself, which seeks to keep alive sectional jealousies and strife, which threatens important commercial interests, and which offers no excuse or palliation for its existence, except the perpetuation in power of a political party which has lost public confidence.

litical party which has loss pended dence.

I accept the nomination tendered me, and, should the action of the convention meet the approval of my countrymen, will, to the best of my ability, discharge with fidelity the duties of the important trust confided to me.

Very respectfully,

ADLAI E. STPWANSON.

BIG FIRE AT PHILADELPHIA.

Shipping and Wharves Damaged to the Extent of \$200,000

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—Point Breeze was visited again by fire at an early hour

was visited again by fire at an early bour yesterday morning and before the flames could be controlled the wharves and shipping were damaged to the extent of nearly \$200,000.

The iron bark Felix, Captain Raines, which was lying at the wharf awaiting a load of reflaed oil was sunk, and the bark Elena G., loaded with case oil was badly damaged; a lighter loaded with cases of oil was burned to the water's edge, Chas. Houseman's lime barge was destroyed, five hundred feet of wharf property was burned, a house and barn belonging to the city were wiped out and other prop

the city were wiped out and other prop-erty was descroyed or badly damaged. The fire burned stubboruly all day and it was not until late in the evening that it was extinguished.

CONGRESSMAN MORSE SUED.

Stre, Gougur Wants \$25,000 from Him fo

Strs. Gougar Wants \$25,000 from Him for Alleged Libsi.

Boston, Oct. 29.—Hon. Elijah H. Morse is the defendant in a libel suit brought in the United States Circuit Court by Mrs. Helen M. Gougar, of Indiana. The damages claimed are \$25,000.

ana. The damages claimed are \$35,000. Mrs. Gougar has also sued the Attleboro "Sun" for alleged libel, the damages in that case being placed at \$10,000. The suit arises out of the letter which Mr. Morse wrote on Oct 10, which was published in the "Sun," and in which Mrs. Morse declines a joint debate, with Mrs. Gougar, and makes some remarks not acceptable to her. The writs are returnable in May in the United States Circuit Court.

United States Circuit Court.

Killed by a Keg of Beer.

MAHANOY, Pa., Oct. 31.—A party of miners were taking a keg of beer out on the hillside at Buck Mountain yesterday, where they intended having a jolification, when John Molinsky, who was carrying the keg on his shoulder, was pushed by a companion. Molinsky fall to the ground and the keg of beer struck him, crushing in the back of his head and neck. He died a few minutes later. The man that pushed him fled to the woods.

Senator Quay Deules a Story.

New York, Oct. 31.—Senator M. S. Quay, of Pennsylvania, is still in New York. His attention was called to-day to the despatch sent from this city Friday night by Col. A. K. McClure, of the Philadelphia "Times," saying that he (Quay) had abaudoned all hope of victory in New York State. He replied: "I have once denied that I made any such admission. That was only a few days ago when a similar report was current."

Senator Osborne's Registry in Dispute

Senator Osberne's Registry in Dispute.
POUGHKERFSIE, N. Y., Oct. 31.—The
Republicans of this city tried to have the
name of State Senator Edward B. Osborne
stricken from the registry on the ground
of illegal registration. The Senator has
been stopping with his son at Albany
and made his home at the Nelson House
in this city. The inspectors refused to
strike his name off and there is talk of
taking the matter to the courts.

Havoc Done to Lake Shipping.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—The northwest gala of Saturday caused great havor in lake shipping. Two lives were lost and boats worth over one million dollars were wrecked. As most of the larger boats can be saved the actual money loss will probably not exceed \$200,000. The storm with the larger lakes it lessening but on on the lower lakes is lessening, but on Lake Superior the wind is still blowing a furious gale accompanied by a very heavy snow.

Gift to Bishop Beaven

Gift to Bishop Beaven.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Oct. 29.—A large number of friends and former parishioners of Bishop Beaven gathered in the Oity Hall, Thursday evening to see the presentation to him of a purse of about \$1,000 as a testimonial. In his reply accepting the gift he said he should give the money to the local Catholic hospital.

An Entombed Miner Resened.

Portsyning Pa., Och 20.—Stiney Klimovitch, the miner at Indian Ridge colliery, Shenandout, was reacced systematy, after having here entombed by a fall of coal 26 hours in a space two by four feet.

CAMPAIGN IS BOOMING

Both Sides Working With Redoubled Activity.

EACH CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS-

What is Doing at the Different Head quarters -Claims of Partisans and Reasons for Same-Carlisle Explains His Failure to Register -- Notes of the

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 .- The last week of the campaign for the Democrats finds Senator Gorman, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Croker, Edward Murphy, jr., and Lieut.-Gov. Sheehan with their heads very close together.

together.

Mr. Murphy was burt in a carriage accident at Troy yesterday, but he was at the Hoffman House in the evening consulting with Mr. Sheehan. The Democrats are especially delighted to find the Maryland Senator in such close communion with his old friend Mr. Whitney and Mr. Croker and the leaders of the State machine. This fact more than any other has contributed to the conditions of the has contributed to the confidence of the betting men that Mr. Cleveland is to carry New York State.

The gentlemen in charge of the cam-

The gentlemen in charge of the campaign said that they were confident of Mr. Cleveland's election, but, for all that, they would not relax their efforts, and that they proposed during the week at hand to put in their best licks.

The Republican fighters, National and State, had all sorts of delegations visiting them in the afternoon and evening. Most of the committeemen are in town, and most of them will remain on the scene until after election. The National Committeemen were the most confident lot of citizens you ever met in a national fight. As has already been said, if they are bluffing, they are dandles at the business.

As has already been suid, if they are bluffing, they are dandles at the business.

They emphatically declare that Harrison will win. They base most of their arguments on the figures received from the different States, and from what they say is the trend among business men, who write that they are opposed to any change in the Administration at this time.

In view of the claims at both head-quarters it is difficult to attempt any prophesying. The betting in New York State is entirely in favor of the Democrats. The offers are still even on the general result. There was a whisper last night that the betting men will see some fireworks this week.

There is a good deal of interesting, if not actually valuable, figuring among expert political leaders just now as to how the Electoral College will stand after the votes have been counted. The officers of either of the National Committees have not yet authorized any table showing their claims, but the following figures have been privately approved by some of the Republican officers and come as near as possible at this time to being an official statement of the minimum Republican claim. The purpose of these figures is to show how Republican victory is probable, even with the loss (which is not conceded) of New York, Connecticut, New Mersuda, which is now conceded to the Third party,

DEM ELECTORS.

Alabama 11 California 19

DEM, ELECTORS.	REP. ELECTORS.
Alabama	California
Arkansas 8	Colorado
*Connecticut 6	Idaho
*Delaware 3	Illinois 2
Florida 4	Indiana 1
Georgia 13	Iowa 1
Kentucky 13	Kansas 1
Louisiana	Maine
Maryland8	Massachusetts 1
Michigan	Michigan
Mississippi9	Minnesota
Missouri 17	Montana
	Nebraska
New Jersey 10	New Hampshire
*New York 36	North Dakota
	North Dakota
Tennessee 12	
Texas	Oregon
Virginia	Rhode Island
*West Virginia 6	
North Carolina 11	South Dakota
	Vermont
Total216	Washington
*	Wisconsin
	Wyoming
	Total2

* All doubtivi. Populist electors—Nevada, 3.

An essential feature of this calculation, which gives Harrison two more votes than are needed, is that it includes Indiana in the Republican column. The Democratic managers claim Indiana. They assert that the figures gathered by the Cincinnati "Enquirer" show that the Marias State will give a Democratic Du They assert that the nighter's show that the Hosier State will give a Democratic plurality of about 7,000 instead of a Republican plurality of 700 as claimed.

CARLISLE'S VIEWS

Thinks Cleveland a Sure Winner-Hi.
Failure to Register.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31. - Senator John G. York late last night. Being asked about the report that he did not register,

he said:
"A good deal of importance seems to be attached to my failure to register.

The simple fact was that I was in Frankfort attending the Court of Appeals. I
understood and it was generally beunderstood, and it was generally be-lieved, before I lett home, that the City Council of Covington would pass an ordinance allowing two additional days

Council to Council to additional days for registration.
"But the ordinance was not passed, and when I arrived in Covington I found the registry lists closed. That is all there are in."

The Senator says the outlook for Cleveland is exceedingly encouraging, and that there is no doubt of his election.

Granddaughter of Henry Clay Dead. Grandsaughter of Henry Clay Dead.

LENDROFN, Ky., Oct. 31.—Miss Minnies
Clay, aged 28, died at her home here yestarday of cancer. She was a granddaughter of Henry Clay, and her father,
Tribmas H. Clay, was a member of the
Legislature at the onlivesk of the Civil
War, and have was Minister to Nicarsgua
under Liance. Miss Clay was a brilliant
musician and a faverite in society.

VICTIM OF OYSTER PIRATES.

Victim Of Oyster Pirates.

The Rough Experience of a Young Man Who Was "shanghaied."

Newark, N. J., Oct. 29.—Detective Gragory has just returned from Baitiniore with William Motz, aged 19, who was one of a party of eighteen who were 'shanghaied' by the agents in this city of the Maryland oyster pirates.

Motz's mother discovered where her son had gone and she employed detectives to get him back.

Motz was seen by a reporter this morning and he told the following story:

When we went away we were promised \$10 in advance, but not one of us ever received a cent. When we got on board the boats they told us that the money had gone for our fare and the agent's commission.

"We were taken to Baltimore on the Central Railroad, and when we reached the city we were taken into a big building and each one was given a bottle of whiskey. Then the agents came to sign us. I told him that I was 19 years old, and the agent put it down 21.

"We we then hustled into vans and driven to a steamer which took us to the dredgers.

"The suits we were given were made of mussin painted.

"If you wanted a blanket you had to buy one and as I had an and to the agent and a take the property and a buy one and as I had a seal and the agent and a buy one and as I had a seal and to have a property of the suits we have given were made of mussin painted.

"The suits we were given were made of muslin painted.
"If you wanted a blanket you had to buy one and as I had no money I had to use my trousers for a pillow and I was compelled to sleep without any cover-

compelled to sleep without any covering.

In the morning my trousers were so covered with vermin that I had to throw them away.

We had to work from 5 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. I kicked once and got knocked down with a club.

club.

"A man named Mueller, who was one of the party, was taken sick the second day out. They clubbed him, and made him work until he fell unconscious. Then he was thrown down stairs."

THE FINISHERS' UNION.

A New Organization of Workmen Formed at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 31.—The representa-tive Finishers from all of the iron and steel mills in and about Pittsburg have perfected their new organization to be known as the "Finishers' Union." All necessary preliminaries, as well as a con-stitution were adopted.

Hereafter the finishers will exist as

Hereafter the finishers will exist as an organization independent of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, but will at all times work in harmony with the latter.

The new organization resolved to contribute to the support of the Homestoad strikers, and to aid them in every possible way. Lodges will be at once organized in every mill employing this class of workmen.

FOREST FIRES STILL RAGING

Game of All Kinds Being Driven from the Mountain Sear Reading.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 30. -Disastrons for est fires are reported to be raging in the Beaver valley in the vicinity of Beaver Beaver valley in the vicinity of Beaver Falls. Passengers on the Fort Wayne road who arrived at the Union station, stated that they had observed a glare in the heavens on this side of Beaver Falls, which indicated that the flames were flercely at work in the country. The strong wind was fanning the flames and driving huge clouds of smoke before them. As near as could be seen from the train windows there appeared to be few houses in the neighborhood.

The country folks are battling with the fire and are doing their utmost to check its consumption of the timber.

REGISTRATION IN NEW YORK.

Reports from All Parts of the State Show An Increase Over Last Year.

New York, Oct. 31.—Reports from all sections of the State show that the registration is larger than was expected even by the most reckless guesser

tration is larger than was expected even by the most reckless guesser.

In this city the total registration for the four days was 309,833 against 286,542 in 1880.

Brooklyn, 181,688 against 158,426 in 1891. Total in Kings County 194,000.

Buffalo, 53,500; last year, 50,273.

Amsterdam, 4,539; last year, 3,950.

Troy, 14,875; last year, 14,620.

Poughkeepsie, 5,859; last year, 2,317.

Watertown, 4,427; an increase of 409 over last year.

Auburn, 5,949; a gain of 483 over last year.

Newburg, 5,852; last year, 5,391.

Oswego, 5,075. against 4,772 in 1891.

Syracuse, 23,065; last-year 20,825.

The total registration in Schenectady is 5,523, an increase of 85 over the registration of last year.

The total registration throughout the seven districts in Norwich, is 2,187 against 2,105 last year.

seven districts in No against 2,105 last year.

FLORIDA' ELECTORS.

They May Not be Permitted to Cast the Vote of the State. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 31.—It is re-norted that the vote of Florida may be out of the Electoral College owing to a fight among the Democrats, which has resulted in the removal by Gov. Flemming of Tax Collector I. E. Johnson of Duyal county because he refused to receive \$1.000 in payment of poll taxes for 2,000 votes after noon on Sep. 3, the last day for their payment.

Chairman Harvey of the People's payment.

Chairman Harvey of the February and over the State, and that, following the Johnson precedent, 35 out of the 45 collectors should be removed. He will carry the matter before Congress claiming that fully 20,000 voters were thus illegally fully 20,000 r disfranchised.

Arrests for Illegal Registration Arrests for Illegal Registration.

New York, Oct. 31.—Sixteen arrests for illegal registration have been made in the Eighth district. The Federal marshals, who had bagged a prisoner in the same district the day before, got another there yesterday, got four in the Second district, one in the Third, and two Rischweit's Island paupers. Among the Blackwell's Island paupers. Among arrests was the notorious Mart Allen

POLITICS' DOMAIN

Prominent Republicans Review the Situation.

CONFIDENT OF HARRISON'S SUCCESS

Conflicting Reports Regarding General Stevenson's Letter of Acceptance said. That But Few Government Clerks Are Going Home to Vote. Yesterday's Registration in New York and Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Among the prominent politicians in town to day are Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Secretary of War Elkins and Senator George F. Ed munds of Vermont. Secretary Tracy was seen at the Gilsey House by a reporter. With regard to the result of the campaign the Secretary said: "I am fully conficient that President

Harrison will be re-elected. The outlook all over the country is most encourag-ing." He felt confident that the Repubing." He felt confident that the Republicans would carry this State. With regard to the complexion of the Cabinet in the event of President Harrison's relection, the Secretary said that there would be changes, but, he added, it was too early to speak on the subject.

With regard to the delay on the part of Gen. Stevenson in issuing his letter of acceptance, it is rumored to Republican circles that Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson could not agree as to the terms of the

acceptance, it is rumored 1. Republican circles that Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson could not agree as to the terms of the letter and that the Vice-Presidential candidate will issue no letter at all. It is known that the letter of acceptance has been a subject of conference between Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson.

This morning Mr. Stevenson said it would be several days before the document would be ready. At the Democratic headquarters the rumor circulated by the Republicans with regard to the letter is scoffed at. It is asserted that the best of relations exist between Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Stevenson.

Chauncey M. Depew is back in town, and in an interview said:

"Republican prospects throughout the country were never more brilliant than now. Wherever I went, throughout doubtful States and all, I saw nothing but glorious promise and confidence—not that born of enthusiasm, but of an understanding of the true situation. In every city you find converts from the Democracy among the leading men, the business men, and workmen who are thinking this year. Our country's prosperity four years ago could not compare with that of to day, and if we elected a President then we are more certain of doing it now. The outlook is altogether brilliant."

FEW GOING TO VOTE-

Not Many Government Clerks Ask Leave of Absence.

Washington, Oct. 29.—There is some surprise that so few Government clerks have arranged to go home to vote. The Treasury Department, which is the most political of all departments, shows the most postfoliate that seems to prevail the general apathy that seems to prevail. Leaves of absence for a month

Leaves of absence for a mouth are usually given on the 1st and 15th of the month. Leaves granted on the 15th would give the Government clerk an opportunity to render some service to his party just previous to election.

The records in the departments show that in the Treasury Department, where thousands of men are employed, leaves have been already granted to only 281. It is thought that not to exceed 400 will go home from this department.

It is thought that not to exceed 400 will go home from this department.

The Navy Department has 350 men employed; not over 50 are expected to vote. There are 200 in the State Department and not to exceed 25 will vote. In the other departments the number who will go home to vote will be about one-third. Great activity among the State Associations of New York, Indiana and Connecticut will get out nearly a full contingent.

New York's Increased Registration

New York's Increased Registration.

New York, Oct. 29.—Yesterday was the third day of registration in this city, and 69,799 voters were enrolled. The total for the three days' registration was 272,163. In 1891 the registration for the same period was 214,911; in 1890 it was 192,711, and in 1888 253,529 votes were recorded. The total for the three days' registration this year comes within 5,613 of the total for the four days in 1888.

Registration in Brooklyp.

Registration in Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 29.—This was the third day appointed for the registration of voters in this city and 35,359 additional names were enrolled. This, anded to the total of the two previous days, 130,084, gives a grand total for the three days last year was 139,272; in 1890, 115,866, and in 1888, 156,194.

Convert to Democracy

ROME, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Robert McAdam, cheese buyer and exporter, hitherto a Republican, publicly announces his intention of voting for Cleveland. If protection and interest bardens were reduced, he says, farmers would see the dawn of prosperity and so many of their sons would not leave their farms.

Suit Against the Maine Central

Suit Against the Maine Central.
ACCUSTA, Me., Oct. 29.—Suit has been commenced in the Supreme Court against the Maine Central raitroad for \$15,000 damages for the death of Mrs. Emma E. Holmes, of Gardiner, in 1889, the alleged 'cause being injuries received at Gardiner station by the carelessness of an employe in pushing a baggage truck against deceased, causing internal injudies, death resulting in five months.

Polsoner Cream Makes His Will,

Poisoner Creum Makes His Will,

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Thomas Neill
cham, the poisoner of dissolute girls,
has made his will. He spent most of
yesterday writing and correcting it. Mr.
Waters, to whom he made confessions of
murders of numerous women in Canada,
has been besieged by reporters, but has
refused to give out a word until Cream
has been hanged.