[illegible] Advertiser.

"Free and Unshackled."

E. H. HARRIMAN, Editor.

Thursday, April 16, 1874.

Our Candidate for Governor in 1874,

JOHN A. DIX.

The bill abolishing mileage, and to pay only actual traveling expenses to members of Congress, passed the House on Monday.

On Tuesday the House of Representatives passed the Senate bill allowing an increase to $400,000,000 National Bank notes. The country now relies upon the President to veto the measure.

The House has passed by a vote of 170 to 41 the bill allowing the free exchange of newspapers through the mail and their free transmission to subscribers within the county of their publication.

The New York Times declares that its circulation is fully double that of the N. Y. Tribune and pledges itself to pay over $10,000 to the "indigent stockholders" of the Tribune, if it does not prove it to be so.

Of the New York Herald's exchanges 126 oppose expansion, 66 Republican, 41 Democratic and 19 Independent.—The advocates number 85 journals, 17 Republicans, 13 Democratic and 5 Independent—or a majority of 91 against the evil. Even the west has 29 opposing to 16 advocates and the south 14 journals for expansion to 7 against it.

Because the Europe, with 400 persons on board, did not sink before salvation came, her loss creates no sensation. But the fact that a first-class ocean steamer, in fair weather, is found o be in a sinking condition, is not a very pleasant matter to those who are about to go down to the sea in ships. The public would like to know "what's the matter?"

An anti-secret society organization has been formed in Illinois, its purpose being to "expose, withstand, and remove secret societies, Free Masonry in particular, and other anti-Christian movements, in order to save the churches of Christ from being depraved—to restore the administration of justice from perversion, and our Republican Government from corruption."

It is stated that the Congressional select committee on transportation to the seaboard, have favorably considered the propriety of giving aid to the improvement of the Erie Canal so that this canal may be improved to float a 1,000 ton ship from the Mississippi river to the lakes, thence on through New York to the seaboard, and is also proposed to improve the Wisconsin river from the Mississippi; also to improve the Fox river and make a canal to Green Bay, Wisconsin, whence a connection with the lakes and Erie Canal can be secured.

A movement seems to be making headway in the country to bring about a change in the method of electing United States Senators. At present the National Constitution prescribes that they shall be elected by the Legislature of the several States. Yesterday, Mr. Creamer, of this State, introduced in the House of Representatives, at Washington, a joint resolution submitting an amendment to the Legislatures of the States providing that the election of Senators hereafter shall be by the people.

The postal card was issued on the 15th of May, last year, or ten months and a half ago, and up to the 1st inst., exactly 100,000,000, or the whole amount estimated for the first year, were delivered to the government. Of this number the fifteen largest cities in the country took 40,000,000—New York City alone taking 11,500,000, or nearly eight per cent. of the whole.—Next to New York came Boston, which took about 5,000,000, while Washington required for her use considerably over 1,000,000. It is estimated that 10,000,000 more will be required to meet the demand for the first year since their introduction.

The swindle of the buried bricks is now fully cleared up by the arrest and confession of the young women who were supposed to be dead and buried. She says she stood by and saw the bricks put in the coffin, and treated it as a good joke. While making the confession she laughed immoderately, but by and by she will doubtless find the joke anything but a pleasant one. It now turns out that there were four or five in the conspiracy, and that Ealing, who has a wife living, intended to get the $10,000 insurance, marry the girl and return to Germany. The game was very cleverly played, and the affair constitutes one of the most romantic criminal sensations New York has had for some time.

The Auburn prison chaplain communicates a most affecting incident in connection with a recent death in that prison:

"There died in this prison during the past week, a young man of good parts, member of a highly respectable family in another land, and who became involved in the meshes of the law through moral irresolution rather than innate depravity. His thoughts, which had wondered much during the latter days, on the last one of all centered upon his home, and he imagined that the most eager wish of his heart in this extremity had been realised, and that his loving mother soothed his dying bed. A few moments before his soul took flight he raised himself slightly, and exhausting his attenuated frame, drew down under his lips the cross he had received from his own fond mother, and with a look of ineffable content pressing his pallid features, his last breath was surrendered (as he thought) to the beloved who bore him."

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

It is no difficult to get the truth about the Indians so as to obtain that degree of reliable information. A few days ago we were startled by dispatches announcing that Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and other traditionally designated confederates as exhibiting a mischievous tendency towards their traditional pastime of taking scalps and other valuables from the whites. With that refreshing confidence in Associated Press dispatches for which journalists are noted, we sharpened our pencils to record the early horrors of an Indian war simultaneously with the first drowning case from Spring bathing, and the earliest sunstroke. We were informed that the Commissioners could do nothing with the Indians, that the latter were contumacious, impudent, independent, and were cheating the verdant white men out of their eye teeth, preliminary to the indispensable barbarous operation by which the Indian ladies are supplied with genuine hair switches. It now turns out that our feelings have been harrowed in vain. Some of those obstreperous Indian speculators have evidently been taking advantage of civilized credulity. The Commissioners themselves have returned from a charming visit with Red Cloud and Spotted Tail, and describe those dusky denizens of the plains as peaceably inclined, and in no particularly hostile mood. Like most Westerners, they probably favor unlimited expansion, but we imagine would not take kindly to a visit from the crusaders. If we were going to send any contemporary institution among them we think it would be the Yale College Glee Club. The peculiar performances of those gentlemen would probably be relished by the savages; but in the event of that failing, one of the Club's wine suppers would doubtless harmonize all parties, and establish a general era of good feeling. Let us have peace!

THE CURRENCY BILL.

The following is the House currency and free banking bill, which passed that body on Tuesday.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, &c. : That Section 23 of an act entitled an act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved on the 3d day of June, in the year 1864, be so amended that the several associations therein provided for, shall not hereafter be required to keep on hand any amount of money whatever by reason of the amount of their respective circulations, but the money required by said section to be kept at all times on hand shall be determined by the amount of deposits in all respects as provided for in said section.

SECTION. 2. That section 22 of said act and the several amendments thereto, so far as they constrict the amount of notes for circulation, under said act to provide for the redemption of 3per centum temporary loan certificates and for an increas of national bank notes, approved July 12th, 1870, be amended by repealing the second proviso in the section, contained in the act intitled an act to amend an act to provide national currency secured by United States bonds and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved on the 3d of March, 1865, be and the same is hereby repealed, and section 21 of the original act to which the act last aforesaid is an amendment be, and the same is hereby reenacted.

SECTION 3. That every association organized, or to be organized, under the provisions of the said act or the several acts in amendment thereof, shall keep and have on deposit in the Treasury of the United States, in lawful money of the United States, a sum equal to five per centum of its circulation, to be held and used only, for the redemption of such circulation : and when the circulation of any such association or associations shall be presented, and so retired or unassorted, for redemption, in sums of $1,000 or any multiple thereof, to the Treasurer or any Assistant Treasurer of the United States, the same shall be redeemed in United States notes; all notes so redeemed shall be charged by the Comptroller of the currency to the respective associations issuing the same, and he shall notify them severally, on the first day of each month or oftener, at his descression, of the redemption, thereupon each association so notified shall forthwith deposit with the Treasurer of the United States a sum in United States notes equal to the amount of its circulating notes so redeemed ; and when such redemptions shall have been so reimbursed, the circulating notes so redeemed, or if worn, or mutilated or defaced, new notes instead shall be forwarded to the respective associations, provided that each of said associations shall reimburse the Treasury the costs of redemption and of supplying new notes in place of those redeemed ; and associations hereafter organized shall also severally reimburse to the Treasury the costs of engraving and printing their circulating notes; and provided further that the entire amount of United States notes outstanding in circulation at any one time shall not exceed the sum of $400,000,000 nowauthorized by existing law.

SECTION 4. That any association organized under this act or any of the acts of which this is an amendment, desiring to withdraw its circulating notes in whole or in part, may, on deposit of lawful money within the meaning of said act in sums not less than $10,000 with the Treasurer of the United States withdraw a proportionate amount of bonds deposited in pledge for such notes, or they shall redeem, cancel, and destroy an amount of circulating notes of such circulation equal to the amount issued on such bonds.

SECTION 5. That 31 and 32 of said act be amended by requiring that each of said associations shall keep its lawful money reserves within its own vaults, at the place where its operations of discount and deposits are carried on, and all provisions of said sections requiring or permitting any of said associations to keep any portion of its lawful money reserves elsewhere than in its own vaults, or requiring or permitting redemption of its circulating notes elsewhere than at its own counter, except as are provided for in this act, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 6. That upon all circulating notes hereafter issued, or hereafter to be issued, whenever the same shall come into the Treasury in payment or deposit for redemption or otherwise, there shall be printed, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the charter members of the associations by which they are severally issued.

The Baptist church at Horseheads was entirely destroyed by fire last Saturday night. The loss is reported to be in the neighborhood of $70,000.

Albany has done well and secured for herself a good Mayor for the next two years. The election in that city last Tuesday resulted in the choice of Judson, Republican, over McCarty, Democrat, by about 1,600 majority.

CORRESPONDENCE.

EDITOR ADVERTISER:

Dear Sir—I saw an editorial in last week's Reporter on an article published in the ADVERTISER the week before.—It seems said article commented on the arrest of L. H. Ackerman, Supervisor of Willing, charged with embezzling forty dollars excise money for last year. I think it must have been a home thrust judging from the old adage "a bit bird flutters." The Reporter says he was arrested "on account of a certain warrant issued against him on the complaint of the great turkey-breeder of Willing, for retaining in his hands the Excise moneys longer than thirty days." Mr. Reporter, that poorly expresses the cause of his arrest. He retained said moneys, as you admit, "longer than thirty days;" he retained them until after arrest, the 28th of March last, and I think from the "signs of the times," he would still retain them if he had not been forced to disgorge. He ought to have been more magnanamous and admitted that he had the moneys, before Mr. Witter found it out. In regard to Mr. Witter being "the great turkey-breeder of Willing," I think he knows what to do with them when raised, judging from the great wail that came up from Wellsville last fall about the turkey that dapped his wings over the Times office without even a "howd'e," and quietly settled down at the ADVERTISER'S home in such a manner that clearly indicated he didn't go for Joe.

Again, the Reporter says "Mr. Witter, the complainant, is defendant in an action in the Supreme Court brought to compel him to account for town bonds and other funds received by him as Supervisor, some eight years ago.—Why he now persecutes Mr. Ackerman may be easily determine from the above." Now, Mr. Reporter, that appears pretty thin, for you to bring a suit in the Supreme, or any other court, and then boast of it through the columns of your own paper, thereby converting it into an engine of mental torture for the purpose of gratifying your own personal malice. Don't get sweaty Mr. Reporter; the weather is very changable, and if you should get the inflewendways," Mrs. Dr. Corbin, perhaps, would order a narcotic that might dash your modesty, owing to your temperance proclivities and your two-years-ago reformism. Mr. Witter can easily prove (providing he ever has an opportunity,) what became of the town bonds that were not used for military purposes during the war, and those that he did use he settled with the town board in the Spring of 1867, together with the funds that came into his hands by virtue of his office. L. H. Ackerman being Supervisor, and present at the settlement. He can prove by a score or more of good men just such good men as the Reporter mentioned; there are none such in Willing except Ackerman, the rest pay from chrice, be from necessity,) that Mr. Ackerman, was his successor in office and held it two terms; that he stated at different times and on different occasions, that he had carefully looked the matter over; that Witter was all right, and that the town of Willing was owing him (Witter) from 25 to 50 cents. An old matter honorably settled, and now raked up by Ackerman at this late day for the purpose of gaining his re-election.—Now, Mr. Reporter, what "rat-hole" does the epitc come out of. Mr. Witter is not persecuting Mr. Ackerman; he is prosecuting him on legal and humane principles, he did it for the purpose of securing to the town her rights, and to teach him better than to convert such funds to his own use. Mr. Ackerman set himself up as the great moralizer of Willing, and sought to moralize Mr. Witter, (an outside show to sue into self into office,) but as soon as he put his theory into practice it disclosed the cloven foot and unmasked the real villain. What must have been the thoughts of that moralizer, if he had the brains of an angle-worm, when he had the Supreme Summons this moral persuader; in one pocket and the converted funds in the other. If he had paid attention to his official duties, instead of hanging on the corner all summer until he got HEAT AWE SETT OF CLOTHES, he would not now be out on the troubled waters, in a leaky boat, with breakers ahead and no good prospect of landing this side of Auburn.

Again, the Reporter tries to exonerate Mr. Ackerman on some legal quibble. He admits that the law declares "that the Supervisors shall pay the excise moneys to the Treasurer within thirty days after receiving them," "but a later law" he says, "allows the town boards to dispose of all excise moneys not needed for the town poor." The town board of Willing have each year disposed of their excise moneys by having them paid to the Treasurer until the INNOCENT came in, then they were gobbled up, and on being exposed he plead that he didn't know any better. He even virtually denied of having any such funds in his hands last winter. Couple with the above expressed opinion of the law the fact that Ackerman paid the excise moneys to the Treasurer on or about Tuesday following his arrest, it shows conclusively that they had no confidence in any other mode than to fork over and come down with the stamps. "Such moneys" he says, "the Supervisor may retain in his own hands. The Presidents of the village of Wellsville and the Supervisors of this town have so regarded the matter." Some person or persons paid to the Treasurer $225 excise moneys for Wellsville last year before the Board of Supervisors convened in November.—Who was it, Mr. Reporter, and what has since caused others (of your good men) to pay attention in that direction?

Again, he says, "we presume that Grand Jury will know how to deal with a matter which was begun in spite and ought to end in failure." "Fish we apples swim." I leave his last appeal to the action of the Grand Jury, for them to mete out such contempt as they may deem best for such an attempt to interfere with their sworn duties. Now, Mr. Reporter, sing "two stanzas and a sockdolager." WILLING.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Wm. H. Bush, a lawyer of Chicago, has obtained a verdict of $10,000 against editor Story of the Chicago Times for calling him a shyster. It won't do to beat around that Bush a great deal.

—The happiest discovery of the age. Anakesis, an infallible cure for Piles, a scientific combination of poultice instrument and medicine, endorsed by physicians of all schools, discovered by Dr. Silsbee, a regular physician, and used successfully in thousands of cases. Sufferers who have tried everything else in vain will find instant relief and permanent cure. It is regarded by medical men as the greatest of modern discoveries, and pronounced infallible. Price $1 00. Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 19 Walker Street, New York. 274w4

—Caution to Purchasers of the Peruvian Syrup (a protected solution of the protoxide of iron) Beware of being deceived by any of the preparations of Peruvian Bark, or Bark and Iron, which may be offered to you. Every bottle of genuine has Peruvian Syrup (not Peruvian Bark) blown in the glass; examine the bottle before purchasing.

—Don't be Discouraged. Suppose you have "tried fifty remedies" and received no benefit, is there therefore "no balm in Gilead?" Verily there is. Your liver may be congested, your stomach half paralyzed, your nerves quivering, your muscles knotted with torture, your bowels constricted, your blood full of impurities—yet in one week after commencing a course of Dr. Walker's Venegar Bitters you will feel like a new creature. 276w4

The Williamsport Fire.

Sunday morning about one o'clock Williamsport was visited by the largest and most destructive conflagrations ever known in the history of the place, and before which the disastrous fire of Sunday evening, August 20th, 1871, pales into insignificance. Then forty buildings were destroyed, situated in the heart of the city, with aloss of about $250,000; now, although the number of buildings consumed is nearly two thirds less, yet the loss will reach in the neighborhood of $600,000. The fire was discovered in the lumber yard of Brown, Early & Co.,

A Southern Tornado.

NASHVILLE, April 15.—A tornado passed over and through this city from west to east, at 12:30 o'clock this morning, doing an immense amount of damage. It struck the city at the fair grounds, passing diagonally through the city, and out by the University and Mount Olivet Cemetery. Its width seemsto have been about a quarter of a mile. After passing the fair grounds it struck the Exposition Building and the Maxwell House, seriously damaging the former.

At this hour it is impossible to enumerate the number of buildings damaged, or the loss which will exceed $100,000. Many poor families are rendered homeless. It is feared there has been serious damage to property and loss of life along its track. Telegraph lines are prostrated all along its course from Union City to Nashville.

Death in a Coal Mine.

LONDON, April 15.—By a shocking explosion to-day in a coal mine at Kinfield, near, Ashton-under-Lyne, Lancashire, a number of miners were killed and injured, many of the latter being terribly injured. Thus far thirty bodies have been recovered. It is feared many more remain in the mine.

A later dispatch from Ashton-under-Lyne says that forty-six bodies have been recovered from the mine at Duncfield, in which an explosion occurred to-day. These, it is believed, are all that were killed. One hundred men, who were left in the mine alive after the accident, have been safely rescued.

Intense excitement prevails at Kinfield. The explosion was caused by the use of naked lights.

LONDON, April 15.—Evening.—Dispatches from Ashton-under-Lyne this evening, report that fifty-three persons were killed by the colliery explosion at Duncfield and five bodies recovered.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dissolution.

The firm of L. D. Cobb & Co., in this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by L. D. Cobb at the old stand.

L. D. COBB,
M. L. COBB.

Andover, April 1st 1874. 3w278

NOTICE!

U. S. Internal Revenue Special Taxes
May 1, 1874, to April 30, 1875.

The law of December 24, 1873, requires every person engaged in any business, occupation, or employment which requires him liable to a Special Tax, *to procure and place conspicuously in his establishment or place of business* a Stamp denoting the payment of said Special Tax for the special tax year beginning May 1, 1874, before before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1874.

The taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted are the following, viz:

Brewers,	$100 00
Dealers, retail liquor	25 00
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100 00
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50 00
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20 00
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25 00
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500 00
And on sales of over $1,200, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000.	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5 00
Manufacturers of snuff	50 00
And for each mill manufactured	50 00
And for each additional mill	50 00
Manufacturers of tobacco	10 00
Manufacturers of cigars	10 00
Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses)	55 08
Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses)	25 00
Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse)	15 00
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class on foot or public conveyance	10 00
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50 00
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100 00

Any person, so far to do, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to the penalties

Persons or firms in Allegany County liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above must apply to E. S. Jeffries, Deputy Collector Internal Revenue at Belmont, N. Y., and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1874, and without further notice.

J. W. DOUGLASS,
Com. of Internal Revenue.

Attest:

AGENTS WANTED,

FOR

PIERCE'S

NEW HISTORICAL and BIOGRAPHICAL

CYCLOPEDIA.

One laarge Octavo Vol. of 1013 Pages.

It records what should be remembered, and discards all superfluities, making it the book for the million, and without their match.

We recommend this work to all those who want concise, well classified, useful knowledge.—*Chicago Tribune*

One agent's commissions were over $40 in one week. Another reports 78 orders in one week. Send for Circulars to

M. M. BURNHAM, Publisher,
3w278 SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Andover Foundry.

A. O'DONNELL,

MANUFACTURER OF

Agricultural Implements,

IRON FENCING, &c.,

ANDOVER, ALLEGANY CO., NEW YORK.

I WOULD call especial attention to variety of

Door Yard and Cemetery Fencing

and Balcony Railing.

CURTISS & WIARD PLOWS

Manufactured and kept constantly on hand. It is an admitted fact that these plows have no superiors. I also make the "Curtiss No. 2," which has not such a good sale for last two years. I will sell

Six Plow Points for $3.00 Cash,

(for Wiard, Curtiss & Watkins Plows.)
I will sell

Good Iron Beam Plows

including the Curtiss No. 4 and 22, for from $6 to $10 each.

☞ Casting and repairing done on short notice.

GIVE ME A CALL!

A. O'DONNELL.
Andover, March 19th, 1874. 3m274

IMPORTANT

TO FARMERS!

J. R. HELFRICH,

PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANT

—IN—

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, &c.

The undersigned having had twenty years' experience in the Commission Business, desires to say to his patrons in Allegany County and vicinity, that he has no buyers on his own account to the disadvantage of shippers, but sells exclusively on commission.

From my extensive acquaintance with first-class Grocers and Shippers, together with sufficient Cash Capital and experienced Salesmen, I feel confident of giving entire satisfaction in sales of all Produce entrusted to my care.

Returns made weekly of all sales. My motto is quick sales and prompt returns.

Shipping Cards, Marking Plates and Price Current furnished free.

J. C. DYER, formerly of Andover, will solicit consignments and look after the interest of shippers in Allegany County and vicinity.

☞ Shipping Cards may be had of Jesse C. Green, at the Andover Depot.

J. R. HELFRICH.
(2756) No. 92 Barclay St., New York.

W. L. CATLIN

HAS Commenced the manufacture of

CATLIN'S

FAMILY MEDICINES

at his residence in ANDOVER, where all orders will be promptly filled.

These great remedies are for sale by Benton & Crandall, druggists, Andover, N. Y.

E. C. Pollock, druggist, Wellsville, N. Y.

Brundage & Richardson, druggists, Greenwood, New York.

All communications and orders must be addressed to

W. L. CATLIN,
Andover, Allegany Co, N. Y.

256w1

SHAVING

AND

HAIR-DRESSING SALOON.

I. J. HILL

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Andover and surrounding country, that he has opened a Shaving and Hair-Dressing Saloon in the basement of the Globe House, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING,
HAIR-DRESSING,
SHAMPOOING,
DYEING, &c., &c.,

in the latest styles.

He would also invite attention to his

HAIR TONIC,

which has no equal in keeping the head clear of dandruff and scurf, which he will use, or sell by the bottle. Satisfaction guaranteed in Shaving or Hair-cutting. 266

Real Estate, For Sale or to Rent.

A Store on Main Street, Andover, now occupied by Stuart & Brown as a Harness Shop, will be sold upon reasonable terms.

Also, a House and Lot on Railroad Street, now occupie by Hawkins.

Also, a Vacant Lot upon same street, near the Woolen Mills. A good right to build upon.

ALSO, 15 acres of good pasture land, about three-quarters of a mile east of the village; well watered and good land.

All the above property will be sold cheap to any parties wishing to purchase.

For particulars inquire of

AMOS PRESTON.
Andover, Allegany Co., N. Y. 276tf

Scribner's Monthly,

THE SUMMER CAMPAIGN BEGUN.

"Another Great Literary Sensation."

The Modern Robinson Crusoe

With 150 Beautiful Illustrations.

Messrs. Scribner & Co. have secured for serial publication in Scribner's Monthly, M. Jules Verne's Latest Story,

"The Mysterious Island,"

in which, not content with the old stories of Robinson Crusoe and the Swiss Family Robinson, the writer undertakes to show how parties of men can live by their scientific resources alone, without the aid of any wreck to draw upon for the materials of life and comfort.

The party are Americans who set out from Richmond, Va., during the setge, in a balloon. M. Jules Verne indges with certain remarkable knowledge, an exuberance of inventive genius and fun.

FASCINATED the WORLD.

The theme of the present story affords the author the finest opportunity for the display of his peculiar gifts. The story will be profusely illustrated, and is begun in the April number.

For sale by all News Dealers or Booksellers.—Price $4 00 a year, 35 cents a Number.

277 SCRIBNER & CO., 654 Broadway, N. Y.

ROCHESTER

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRING AND SUMMER

FASHIONS.

New Dress Fabrics comprising Silks, Poplins, Drap d'Ete, Camels' Hair de Beige, Camels' Hair Cloth, Wool Shellfiere, Tamise, Mode Brilliantines, in all the new and fashionable colors, embracing the new tints, Granite, Silver and Quaker Grays. Also, Novelties for Polonaises, with Passementeries, and all other trimmings in match. Spring Lingerie in all the new designs of Collars, Cuffs, Ruffles and Chemisettes. Hosiery Department—Balbriggan English and German Hosiery, at importers' prices. Linen Goods, fresh and elegant designs in Damasks and Table Cloths, Napkins and Doyliee. Parasols and Sun Shades, all the novelties of the season. White Goods and Ladies' Underwear, elegantly French embroidered Yokes and Sets. Pillow Covers, &c. We offer the best and cheapest Corsets in market. Kid Gloves a specialty. Every department in our spacious store is complete in novelties. We invite comparison of styles and prices.

Burke, Fitz Simons, Hone & Co.,
53, 55 & 57 Main St.,
AND
1, 3, 5, 7 & 9 North St. Paul Street,
Rochester, N. Y.
to 276

THE Great American Coffee Pot distills coffee clear as amber; extracts all the strength or offered. Price $2, sent carry address. Call and results in operation or send for illustrated circular. Territorial rights for sale. DeWITT C. BROWN & CO., 618 Broadway, N. Y. 2w276

"Pyromancy or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love & affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c., together with a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, Wedding Night Hints, &c. A queer book. Address, T. WILLIAM & Co., Pub., Phila. 4w

NEW

GOODS

NEXT WEEK

at

L. D. COBB'S

NEW

Carriage Factory.

We, the consolidated firm of

MAGNER BROS.,

Have recently opened an extensive Carriage Factory at

ELM VALLEY,

where we will be found fully prepared to furnish, on short notice,

CARRIAGES,

of every description,

LIGHT or HEAVY.

We wish to inform the public that as we intend to make this our permanent residence, it is not only our intention, but it is to our interest to give entire satisfaction, both in

Material and Finish.

In each Department will be found thoroughly

Competent Workmen,

Co-operating with each other in the completion of perfect work.

There is also in connection a first-class Custom

BLACKSMITH,

who will shoe horses for ROAD or FARM.

Vicious or Ugly Horses

Trained to Stand,

While Shoeing, FREE of CHARGE.

We are located on the traveling thoroughfare and wish to have all who delight in a fine carriage, or well shod horse, to give us a call. 271

B. C. COLE, A. C. FRISBEY.

New Firm!

New Goods!

New Prices!

COLE & FRISBEY

Having purchased J. J. HARMAN'S interest in the Store corner of Main and Center Street, propose making it in the future, as it has been during the past fifteen years, the

Head-Quarters

For Bargains in

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Caps,

Yankee Notions, &c.

Which they are offering at

PANIC PRICES!

They will take in exchange for goods Produce of all kinds and allow the highest market price for it. A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and examine our

Large Stock of Goods

Before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

OUR MOTTO:

"Never Beaten, Undersold or Equaled in Quantity, Quality, or Prices."

Cole & Frisbey.

N. B.—We also keep in stock and for sale CATLIN'S FAMILY MEDICINES, which are warranted to give entire satisfaction.

1873. For the Public Benefit. 1873.

PORTER & BARNEY,

Have just received the largest stock of

Hardware, & Agricultural Implements,

ever brought into this market. They have everything in the line of

Mowing Machines, Grain Cradles, Rakes, Scythes, Forks, Sulky Rakes, Kelly's Horse Rakes, Pitchforks, Potato Hoes, Cultivators, Shovels, Hoes, Shovels, and Dog Powers. Also a complete stock of

SHELF HARDWARE, PLATED WARE, CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL and NAILS.

Also a Large Stock of

HOUSE TRIMMINGS.

A Stock of

Cook, Parlor and Office

STOVES

Of the Latest Styles.

THE GREAT AMERICAN IMPROVED HOT CHAMBER.

Cook Stoves

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HOT BLAST ORIENTAL,

IS THE

MOST ECONOMICAL,

MOST DURABLE

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Self-Feeding,

PARLOR STOVE

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or anything else pertaining to Cheese Making.

We have also MECHANICS TOOLS of every variety.

OIL CLOTHS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, etc.,

all of which will be sold as cheap as can be bought in this or any other market.

Thanking our customers for their liberal patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and to others we would say please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We should be pleased to see you, one and all, if we cannot sell you any Goods, which we think we should not fail to do, if you wish to buy.

Repairing done on Short Notice. All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

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PORTER & BARNEY,
Andover, N. Y.

Dec. 5, y1