ANDOVER ADVERTISER.

TERMS, - - - EDITOR

THURSDAY, MAR. 28, 1872.

Premier Gladstone's speech for "hunkey" on the opening of Parliament "bungles down the house." Let him follow it up, and he will bring down both throne and the British crown and the British empire.

Deputation from Shanghai announce that the Chinese Government has determined to follow the example of the Japanese, and send young men to England and the United States, to be educated in the schools of those countries.

Captain Burton, the African traveler, is bringing home from Palmyra a most interesting collection of skulls, and, more interesting still, the skeleton of a man eleven feet high, which is supposed to be one of the giants of Bashan.

A Prussian engineer has, it is said, invented a machine which will manufacture ice without chemicals, merely by compression and expulsion of air.—A machine makes two tons of ice per day, and the capacity may be increased to twenty tons.

Congress has reconsidered the bill granting exceptional relief to Chicago by admitting building materials for the burned city free of duty. The fact that all the lumber, nails and other articles imported next year would be labeled "For Chicago" doubtless had much to do with this change of position.

Alexis, like Daniel Webster, doesn't care much for money, but he thought $1,500 a little steep for sixteen hour's lodging and one meal at the Spencer House, Niagara Falls. The landlord probably desirous to perpetuate the harmonious relations between the two countries, consented to take $1,000, which was paid. The people of that vicinity are greatly incensed at the disgraceful occurrence.

The Senate Finance Committee reported to the Senate, on Wednesday, a new tariff bill, in which the present duty on tea—ten cents per pound—is retained; salt in bulk, nine cents per hundred pounds, and in bags twelve cents. All slack coal, or such as will pass through a five-eighth inch screen, twenty-five cents per ton, of twenty-eight bushels, and all other bituminous coal, fifty cents per ton. Potatoes ten cents a bushel. After the first of July next, the duties are to be reduced ten centum on cottons, wools, silks, iron and steel materials, earthen ware, India rubber and leather. Pig iron and steel rails are excepted from this reduction.

Stamp Duties.

As the time for the renewal of leases, and of the execution of new agreements between landlord and tenant is now at hand, the decision of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, communicated to the United States Assessor at Buffalo, as to whether the provisions of law imposing a stamp duty on leases should be enforced in regard to stamping duplicate copies, usually furnished leases, is not only interesting but important to all. He decides that when an instrument is executed and in duplicate, triplicate, etc., as in the case of a lease of two or more parts, each part has the same legal effect as the other, and each should be stamped as an original. When parties mark executed duplicates or counterparts "copies," it does not make them mere copies, or relieve them from duty as originals.

Mr. Alvord, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee in the Assembly has shown a proper regard for the "trunk of history," and a characteristic sagacity in taking the "vain tricks" of the sham Democracy, by preparing a bill to meet the Democratic deficiencies, by a special tax. The tricksters of last winter calculated to shove a tax of 3 1-8 mills into the general budget, and then cry out, during the Presidential campaign, against the "terrible increase of taxation" under Republican legislation. The bill mentions each item of the deficiency specifically, that there may be no misunderstanding or evasion in the matter. The aggregate amounts to nearly $7,000,000, and the Commissioner for the levy of a special tax of 2 1-2 mills to meet the emergency. The Albany Journal says that this is the "legacy of Democratic misrule." In making appropriations and providing for cowardice is not making provision to meet them." This, coupled in connection with the debt of Tammany in New York City, ought to satisfy this average citizen that too much Democracy is not a good thing to have. When the tax-payer opens his eyes he will fall to pay for this dear [illegible] thankful that at last [illegible] to do evil is [illegible] United States.

[illegible] nomination of [illegible] New York, was [illegible] to be known as [illegible] Post.

Anti-Grant Republicans.

The anti-Grant, or, as they style themselves, the independent reform republicans, of Missouri, recently held a State Convention from which a call was issued for a national convention of these independent anti-Grant republicans, to meet in Cincinnati on the 6th of May next. The object of this call was to bring out the republican malcontents and to commit them in a new party movement against General Grant in advance of the regular Philadelphia Republican Convention, which meets on the 5th of June. The discovery, however, has been made that this independent Cincinnati movement hangs fire. Such anti-Grant republicans as Senator Sumner, Trumbull and Logan do not respond, and the venerable Mr. Greeley avoids the concern as covering a free trade coalition which he can never support—never! Therefore the engineers of this Cincinnati convention have agreed to postpone it till the 20th of June, "in order that they may accept the Philadelphia nomination, if it be a man on whom they can unite."

Now for the real meaning of this change of base. These men understand that if General Grant is nominated at Philadelphia their independent Cincinnati concern will collapse, like the independent Tyler Convention of 1844; or the independent Fremont and Cochrane Convention of 1864; or the Andy Johnson new party Convention of 1866. These anti Grant managers, every man of them a disappointed office-seeker, know this, and they have, therefore, resolved to fight Grant, not at Cincinnati, but in the regular Philadelphia Convention. If they can and do defeat him there they will abandon their project of a new reform party and whistle the hopeful passive democracy "down the wind." Clearly so; for what is the game of these so-called reform republicans? It is the public plunder—

Only this, and nothing more.

They have failed to get their rights under General Grant in Cabinet positions, foreign missions, custom houses and post offices, and as they despair of any new chance without a change in the White House, and as their only chance for a change in 1873 lies in the defeat of Grant at Philadelphia, they have resolved to bring all their guns to bear upon that Convention. If they fail at Philadelphia they will still have two strings to their bow. They can bolt or sell out to the administration, "as may be deemed most expedient."

We expect to have some developments of the tactics of these reform Republicans in the approaching March election in New Hampshire and April election in Connecticut. Their tactics will be to help the democrats, under the idea that the success of the Democrats in New Hampshire and Connecticut will weaken Grant at Philadelphia. But while we think it quite possible that one or two thousand Republican guerillas may turn the scale in New Hampshire and in Connecticut, we have no doubt that every vote of those States, whatever may be the results of these coming elections, will be given for Grant at Philadelphia. Indeed, from all the evidence and all the indications before us, General Grant will be unanimously nominated on the first ballot for another Presidential term.

Meantime these reform Republicans, in losing Vice President Colfax, have lost their chosen instrument for knocking General Grant in the head in the Philadelphia Convention. In the letter to his Indiana friends, Mr. Colfax goes for General Grant against all comers, and he begs that his (Colfax's) name "may not be mentioned by any one in our State Convention in opposition to General Grant, whom I believe to be the first choice of a very large majority of the Republicans of the United States." This is in reply to a telegram from Indianapolis announcing a concerted effort in progress to secure for Mr. Colfax the Republican nomination for President. He is not a disappointed office seeker; he is satisfied with General Grant; there is no White House film over his eyes like that which enabled the venerable Mr. Greeley to "see men like trees walking." In short, Mr. Colfax speaks the general voice of the Republican party, while the disappointed office seekers speak only for themselves. Their grievances, we admit, are sore and heavy; but as such things must be, what do they signify? In the estimation of the honest masses of the people they go for nothing.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Compulsory Education.

A bill has been presented in the Maine Legislature which provides for compulsory education in that State.—It provides that parents or guardians, having charge of children between eight and fourteen years of age, shall send them to public school at least twelve weeks in every year, not less that six of which shall be consecutive, unless such children shall be excused from attendance by the school officers of the town, on the ground of mental or physical debility, or because they are taught the ordinary branches of learning at home or in private schools. Provision is made for the enforcement of the act by fines for any violations thereof.

New Hampshire has already a compulsory school law, and several Western States are discussing the subject. Why should New York not try it? If ever there was a State that needed such a law, and its enforcement, it is New York.

Serious Railroad Accident

A Passenger Car Thrown Down a 25 Feet Embankment.

EIGHT PERSONS INJURED.

BINGHAMTON, Feb. 23.—The Utica special train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, which left here yesterday morning at six o'clock, consisting of a baggage car and one passenger car, encountered a broken rail at Port Dickinson, two miles north of this city while going at the usual speed.

The locomotive passed the break, but the passenger car struck it and was thrown across the track. The coupling of the passenger car was broken and the car thrown down an embankment twenty-five feet high, stopping on the brink of the canal, with one end projecting over the water.

Several of the passengers were injured and fears of a fire from the stove were felt.

Engineer Warson, the fireman, the brakeman and the uninjured passengers set to work to liberate the injured and the women and children, whose groans and shrieks excited the liveliest apprehension for a while. It was found that nobody was killed, and but three were seriously injured, viz: J. W. Patterson, of Ithica, N. Y.; Miss Tarbell, of Montrose, Pa.; and Conductor Stevens.

Five others were also injured, including a young lady and little girl.

The wounded were brought back here and properly cared for by the railroad officers.

After four hours delay a new train was made up which went safely to its destination.

Old prejudices are dying out. New facts are killing them. The idea that invalids weakened by disease can be relieved by prostrating them with destructive drugs, is no longer entertained except by monomaniacs. Ever since the introduction of Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters it has been obvious that their regulating and invigorating properties are all-sufficient for the cure of chronic indigestion, rheumatism, constipation, diarrhœa, nervous affections, and malarious fevers, and they are now the standard remedy for these complaints in every section of the Union. o1c04

A good white sugar at Ellis' for one shilling per pound.

Prints from 8 to 12½ cents at Hunt and Burrows.

A white coffee sugar at Hunt & Burrows for one shilling per pound.

A fine variety of Nubias, Shawls, Blankets, and Skirts at Hunt & Burrows, selling cheap.

At Harman's a nice Velveteen for $1 per yard.

Trimed Horse Blankets for $8 each at Harman and Son's. Bargans.

Kent's Standard Kerosene Oil at Harman and Son's for 2 cts. per gal.

Rio Coffee at Harman's for 28 cts. p pound.

Good Domestic Ginghams at Harman & Son's for one shilling a yard.

Ellis' Hall,

Tuesday & Wednesday,

February 27th & 28th,

THE

Tremaine Brothers

AND

JOHN G. PIERSON

Operetta Troupe

AND

Burlesque Bell Ringers,

Will give two of their Musical Entertainments in the above Hall, on which occasion they will give the Public School a Benefit to aid them in purchasing an Organ.

The following artistes will appear:

WM. B. TREMAINE,

JOHN G. PIERSON,

WILLIE KELLOGG,

FRANK H. INSLEE,

A. T. TREMAINE,

O. S. ROBINSON,

FRANK BARRY, Jr.

Admission - - - - 50c

Children - - - - 25c

Doors open at 7 1-4 o'clock, commence at 8 o'clock P. M.

Tickets can be obtained at the Post Office and Drug Store.

Hardware!!

Porter & Barney,

WISH to say to the citizens of Andover and surrounding country, that they have the Largest Stock of Hardware ever brought into this market.

Consisting of—

Shelf Hardware,

Plated ware,

Cutlery,

Iron,

steel and nails.

—also a large stock of—

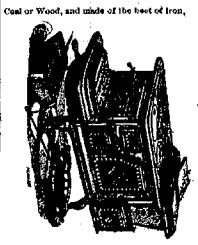
HOUSE TIMINGS.

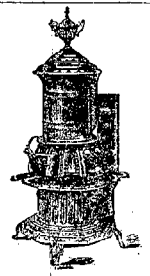
—a stock of—

Cook, Parlor and Office

STOVES,

The Great American Improved Hot Chamber Cook Stoves, which are acknowledged to be the best in the known world, it is for Coal or Wood, and made of the best of Iron,





The Hot Blast

ORIENTAL.

—a large assortment of—

Farm Implements.

—such as—

MOWING MACHINES,

SULKY RAKES,

KELLOGG'S REVOLVING

HORSE RAKE

GRAIN CRADLES,

SCYTHES,

FORKS,

RAKES,

PITCHFORKS,

We also keep on hand and make to order

Iron Clad Milk Cans, Vats,

or anything pertaining to Cheese Making

—We have also—

Mechanic's Tools

OF EVERY VARIETY.

Oil Cloths!

kept constantly on hand

OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, &C.

All of which will be sold as cheap as can be bought in the market.

Thanking our customers for their liberal patronage, we will solicit a continuance of the same, and to others would say please call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We should be pleased to see you, one and all, if we cannot sell you any goods, which we think we shall not fail to do, if you wish to buy.

Repairing Done on Short Notice!

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for Goods

CASH PAID FOR WOOL!

—Remember the place,—

Main st., First door north of the American Hotel.

PORTER & BARNEY,

Andover, N. Y.

1869tfo.

J. J. Harman & Son

EVERYTHING

in the line of

DRY GOODS

—and—

Groceries,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hats & Caps,

etc. etc.

—to be found at—

Bottom Prices,

—AT—

HARMAN & SON'S

New Goods!! New Goods!!

A full assortment of Winter Goods just opened at the store of

J. J. HARMAN & SONS.

Is the place to buy goods cheap. The entire stock is OFFERED at the very bottom Prices, A closing out sale of the entire Winter stock at greatly reduced rates. CALL and examine the new Canister Teas, sold only by Hunt & Burrows, at the Elk Horn Store. The best Livingston county Flour, SOLD only at the Elkhorn.

Rally! Rally! Rally!

for the ELKHORN!!

THE ELK HORN STORE

ATTENTION!

NOTICE.

As we have established the custom of considering all accounts of each year due with the close of the year, we desire our customers to call immediately and settle their indebtedness to us, by note or otherwise, that we may balance our books.

BENTON & CRANDALL.

Andover, Jan. 1, 1872. 160 tf

Harrison Mourhess

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

Dealer in

Watches, Clocks,

JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, and

Musical Instruments,

ANDOVER, N. Y.

I have just returned from New York City with a splendid assortment of

WALTHAM,

ELGIN,

UNITED STATES, and

SWISS WATCHES

In both Gold and Silver Cases,

Both Ladies' and Gentlemens' Sizes.

Also a fine selection of

Solid Gold & Silver Chains,

SOLID GOLD & PLATED JEWELRY,

BRACELETS, FINGER RINGS,

SHELL & JET BLACK JEWELRY, &c.,

In fact, almost anything kept in a first-class Jewelry Store.

I have the best assortment of

SPECTACLE

ever kept in Andover, consisting of

PEBBLE and COMMON LENS

in Solid GOLD, SILVER, STEEL, and Rolled Frames, from 75 cts to $10 per pair.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry

Repaired with Neatness and Despatch, and Warranted. 156

Down they go!!!

Hunt & Burrows, at the Elk-Horn Store, offer to the trade for the next thirty days, the following articles:

Ladies' Felt Skirts, sold at $3, for			2,25
"	Nubias	1	75
"	Furs, per sett	5	3,50
"	do	6	4,50
"	do	6,20	5,00
"	do	7,50	6,00

Gents, Beaver Caps, Mufflers, and Gloves, at the same discount. Now is the time to buy. Gents' Under-shirts and Drawers, sold for $1, now 75 cents. Also, dress goods, lap-robes and horse blankets etc., at reduced prices.

Remember the Elk-horn Store.

Hunt and Burrows have a fine assortment of carpets and oil cloths.

A few set of ladies' furs at Ellis' at cost; also gents' fur caps $1,75 each.

Goods sold for the next 30 days at reduced prices at Hunt and Burrow's.

Call at the Banner Store and examine those beautiful caster beaver overcoats.

Woolen shawls at Ellis' from $1 to $8. Great bargains.

Beavers for ladies' sacks reduced from $6 to $4,50 at Ellis'.

Heavy Hamilton Canton Flannels at Harman and Son's for 20 cts per yard.

Black-eyed Peas at Crandall & Brainard's.

At Cost.

Having purchased the stock and business of Russell & Wolcott, corner of Main & Greenwood Sts., will sell at cost for the next 30 days, a large stock of

LAP ROBES, and

HORSE BLANKETS,

FOR CASH.

Call and examine my stock through and satisfy yourself.

H. E. MINER.

Andover, Jan. 1872. 160tf

At Cost

FOR

Ready Pay.

I shall sell at COST for the next THIRTY DAYS a large assortment of

WOOLEN SHAWLS,

FURS,

FLANNELS

HOODS,

SCARFS,

KNIT SHIRTS &

DRAWERS,

BEAVERS, CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

OVERCOATS,

WINTER CLOTHING,

and many other articles.

ALSO

Winter Plaids,

Reduced from 40 to 30 cents per yard.

Empress Cloth,

from 60 to 50 cents per yard.

DELINES,

at twenty cents per yard,

and many other Goods at Bottom Prices.

Call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

M. J. Ellis.

Carpeting,

Carpeting,

Bargans in

Carpeting.

$1,000 worth of

BUFFALO ROBES,

Lap Robes,

—AND—

Horse Blankets,

—at prices that defy competition.—

N. B:—We mean

Business.

J. J. HARMAN & SON.

Andover, Dec. 14, 1871